

Compilation of Input on New Mexico Water Security Planning Act Discussion Draft Rule and Guidelines

April 2025



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# **Introduction**

The <u>Water Security Planning Act (WSPA)</u> is New Mexico's guiding legislation for regional water planning and management with a goal to secure a resilient water future. It creates a roadmap for regionalized water planning and implementation that prioritizes local communities' unique needs, makes use of the best available science and data, and maintains compliance with federal and state laws.

Robust engagement is an essential feature of the WSPA rule and guideline development. This report documents the results of an online questionnaire conducted by the New Mexico Interstate Stream Commission (NMISC) during early 2025. The questionnaire elicited feedback on the Discussion Draft of the Rule (Appendix II) and Guidelines (Appendix III), which proposed the framework for regional water planning, including governance structures, public welfare considerations, and new regional water planning boundaries.

The Discussion Draft language was developed by NMISC and incorporated feedback received during an extensive engagement process conducted during 2024. The 2024 engagement process was led by NMISC with support from consultants at Brendle Group and Media Desk and included 16 in-person open house events and an online survey with a combined 2,310 participants. Two reports developed by Brendle Group summarize the engagement results, observations, and considerations:

- <u>Engagement Report</u>: Compendium of engagement results and themes
- Observations and Considerations Report: Observations and interpretation of the engagement results. This report offers preliminary considerations to inform rulemaking and the Discussion Draft Rule and Guidelines.

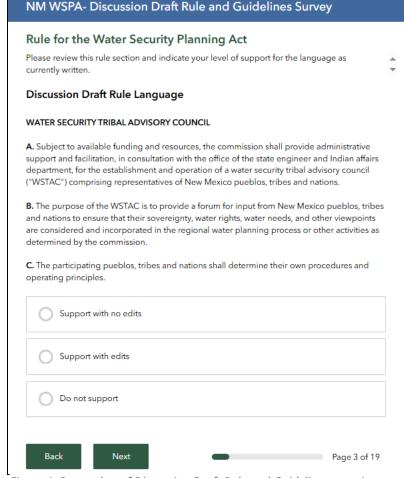


Figure 1. Screenshot of Discussion Draft Rule and Guidelines question.

This Compilation Report, contracted to Brendle Group provides a synopsis of the responses received to the Draft Rule and Guidelines Questionnaire. The questionnaire included draft rule/guideline language for review, followed by a question about level of support (i.e., support with no edits, support with edits, do no support). An open-ended comment box provided the opportunity for those who responded "support with edits" or "do not support" to elaborate on their response. The final question included an opportunity for participants to upload documents such as letters and informational resources.

The results summarized in charts and figures throughout this report reflect the information received through the questionnaire. The overall number of responses was not statistically meaningful, and the input received includes a blend of individual and institutional responses. The range of the input is indicative of the spectrum of perspectives on water security planning but does not necessarily reflect the distribution of those perspectives. This report also includes the responses to the open-ended questions, and categorizes them as "specific" (i.e., comments that provide direct suggestions for revisions), "general" (i.e., comments that do not provide direct suggestions for revisions), or "other" (i.e., comments that do not relate to the rule section or guideline in question). The responses in this document are as provided by questionnaire respondents and have not been edited, including for spelling or grammar. The categorization is designed to facilitate review and consideration of the comments by NMISC

The final section of this report includes a summary of the documents uploaded through the questionnaire and the documents are included in Appendix I.

The questionnaire was first available from January 21 to February 21, 2025. Due to the strong interest in the questionnaire and requests for additional time to engage in the review process, the questionnaire was reopened and made available from March 13 to April 30, 2025.

This interim draft Compilation Report summarizes the questionnaire responses received and documents uploaded during the first period (January 21 to February 21, 2025). The uploaded documents are provided in-full in Appendix I. The final Compilation Report will integrate specific comments provided in uploaded documents and those emailed directly to NMISC during the comment period.

# **Summary of Responses**

The Discussion Draft Rule and Guidelines questionnaire was initially open from January 21 to February 21, 2025, and received 76 responses during that time.

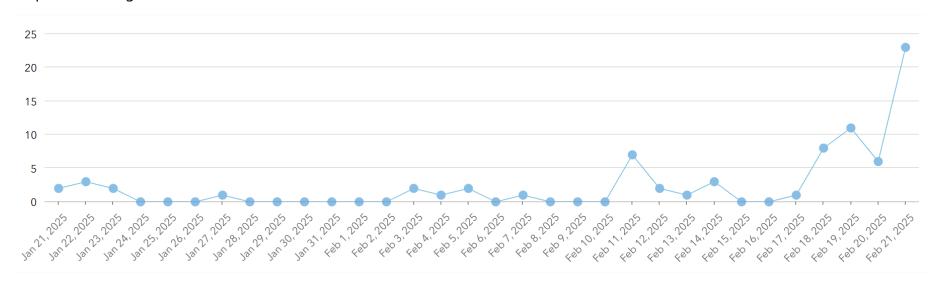


Figure 2. Graph showing Discussion Draft Rule and Guidelines input responses over time.

#### Introduction

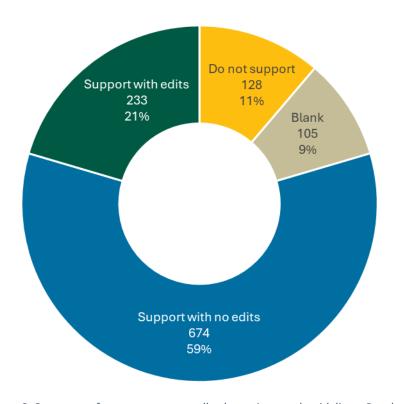


Figure 3. Summary of responses across all rule sections and guidelines. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Across all rule sections and guidelines, 59% of responses indicated support for the discussion draft language with no edits, 21% of responses supported the language with edits, and 11% indicated that they did not support the rule and guideline language.

# **Rule Results Summary**

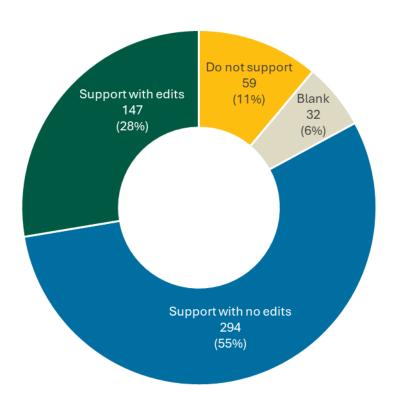


Figure 4. Summary of responses across all seven discussion draft rule sections. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Across all seven of the discussion draft rule sections, 55% of responses were "Support with no edits" as shown in Figure 4, indicating majority support for rule language. 28% of responses were "Support with edits" and 11% were "Do not support".

A summary of questionnaire responses by rule section, showing how responses varied by rule section, is provided in Figure 5 on the next page. The highest level of support with no edits was for Rule Section 8 (Water Security Tribal Advisory Council) at 68% and the lowest level of support with no edits was for Rule Section 10 (Composition of Regional Water Security Planning Council) at 45%.

This section of the report then provides a summary of responses and categorized open-ended comments provided for each rule section.

#### **Rule Results Summary**

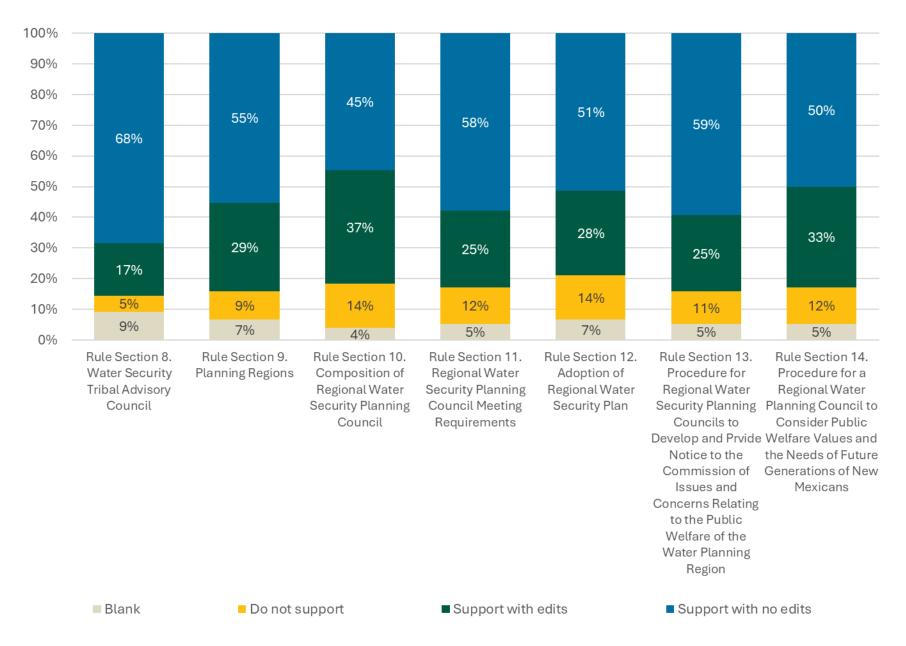


Figure 5. Summary of questionnaire responses by rule section. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

# **Rule Section 8: Water Security Tribal Advisory Council**

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

WATER SECURITY TRIBAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

A. Subject to available funding and resources, the commission shall provide administrative support and facilitation, in consultation with the office of the state engineer and Indian affairs department, for the establishment and operation of a water security tribal advisory council ("WSTAC") comprising representatives of New Mexico pueblos, tribes and nations.

B. The purpose of the WSTAC is to provide a forum for input from New Mexico pueblos, tribes and nations to ensure that their sovereignty, water rights, water needs, and other viewpoints are considered and incorporated in the regional water planning process or other activities as determined by the commission.

C. The participating pueblos, tribes and nations shall determine their own procedures and operating principles.

#### **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

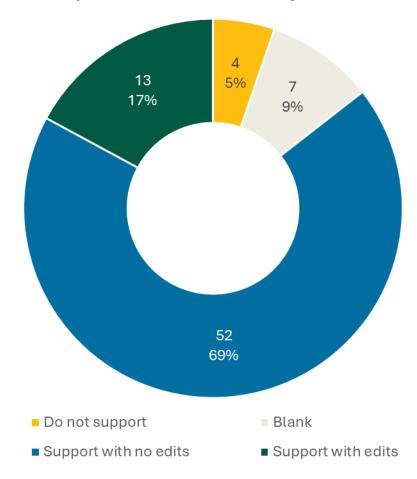


Figure 6. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 8. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 8 had the highest level of support with no edits among the discussion draft rule sections at 69%.

Open ended comments provided to elaborate on "Support with edits" and "Do not support" responses are provided by category on the following pages. Key themes include:

- Centering tribal leadership regardless of funding and resources
- Collaboration and consistency in regulations
- Enforcement of existing rules and regulation
- Inclusion of Acequia communities

# **Open Ended Comments**

# **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	This cannot be "subject to available funding and resources". Centering tribal leadership is non-negotiable and
	cannot be at the mercy of available funding. This part of the sentence should be removed so it states clearly
	that "The comission shall provide"
Specific	A. The commission shall provide administrative support and facilitation, in consultation with the office of the
	state engineer and Indian affairs department, for the establishment and operation of a water security tribal
	advisory council ("WSTAC") comprising representatives of New Mexico pueblos, tribes and nations.
	B. The purpose of the WSTAC is to provide a forum for input from New Mexico pueblos, tribes and nations to
	ensure that their sovereignty, water rights, water needs, and other viewpoints are incorporated in the regional
	water planning process and other activities.
	C. The participating pueblos, tribes and nations shall determine their own procedures and operating principles.
Specific	Not subject to available funding and resources—should be a permanent allocation
Specific	Add new section
	ACEQUIA AND RURAL WATER SECURITY ADVISORY WORKING GROUP - See attached file for full comments.
	A. Subject to available funding and resources, the commission shall provide administrative support and
	facilitation for the establishment and operation of the Acequia and Rural Water Security Advisory Working
	Group ("ARWSAWG") comprised of the appointed representatives of each Regional Water Security Planning Council that represents acequias, mutual domestics or community regional water systems, and land grant-
	mercedes in pursuant to section x.xx.xx.11 COMPOSITION OF REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLANNING COUNCIL
	of this rule in addition to representatives from the New Mexico Acequia Commission, New Mexico Acequia
	Association, New Mexico Rural Water Association, and New Mexico Land Grant Council.
	Association, New Mexico Rarai Water Association, and New Mexico Earla Grant Council.
	****See attached file for full section amendment. Character Limit did not allow for full suggested edits and
	commentary.
Specific	NMWA SUPPORTS WITH EDITS: In WSTAC x.xx.xx.8, the "subject to funding" words should be purged. They
	don't belong.in the rules; this applies throughout the rule set. We also don't see a requirement for products

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	from WSTAC to be ingested into the regions' planning processes. Our recommended edits are in x.xx.xx.8 of our markup file.
	NMWA SUPPORTS WITH EDITS: The minimalist statement of OBJECTIVE in Section x.xx.xx.6 is far insufficient.  The Objectives should include developing actionable preferred plans to achieve current and future water
	resilience in each region. Our recommended edits are in x.xx.xx.6 of our markup file.
	NMWA SUPPORTS WITH EDITS: The minimal set of DEFINITIONS in Section x.xx.xx.7 are insufficient. Our
	recommended edits are in x.xx.xx.7 of our markup file.to include key words such as program, policy, project, rules, guidelines, and others.
Specific	This section shall not marginalize Acequia communities. Acequia have pre-1907 water rights that they should be name directly without using indirect words like "nations" to refer to all those entities that are not Pueblo-Native.
	I recommend to include "Acequia communities" explicitly.
General	The current use and needs for water are not totally traditional and therefore need to be subject to the same restrictions as non tribal users
General	Pueblos have often very senior rights and can make "calls' on junior rightswe need to work together to ensure everyone gets water in times of shortage. a good living sharing agreement is key and regional recharge from "mountain' Acequias must be consideredmountain recharge helps everyone down stream with groundwater.
General	Section C - The entire state would be better served if we all had common procedures and principles.
General	The rules are mandatory and place a significant burden on local members, all volunteers, with no obligation by the state to provide funding or administrative support to the Councils.
Other	Please see attached letter

## **Do Not Support**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	New Mexico already has the ability to do this with the Office of the State Engineer. If they would just in force
	the rules and regulations that they currently have. I don't agree with creating more rules and spending more tax dollars on trying to fix a problem that could be fixed with the current administration if it had the proper leadership.
Other	Gigantic water rights grab, by our Government.

# **Rule Section 9: Planning Regions**

## **Discussion Draft Language**

**PLANNING REGIONS** 

A. The nine (9) Regional Water Security Planning Regions ("Planning Regions") are shown in Exhibit A (map).

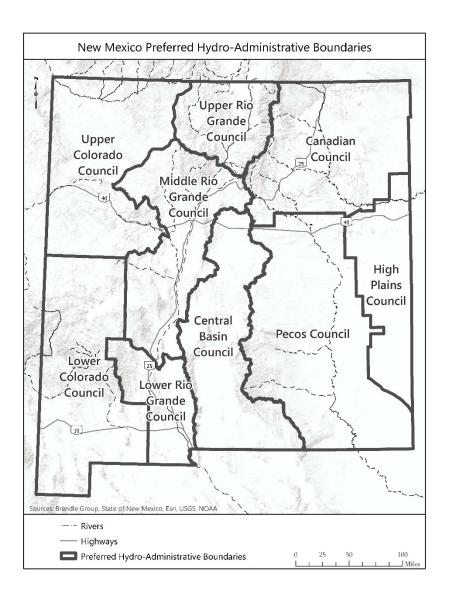


Figure 7. Exhibit A in the Discussion Draft Rule and Guidelines.

#### **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

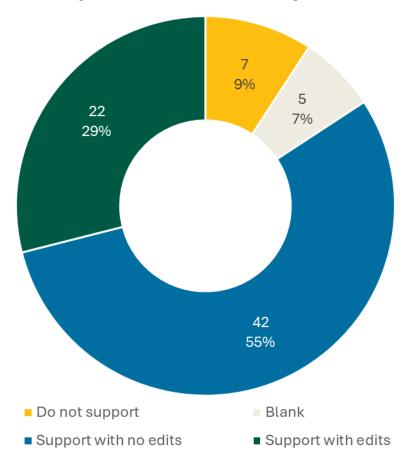


Figure 8. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 9. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 9 relates to the boundaries for regional water planning and 55% of responses indicated support with no edits. This section also invited respondents to indicate areas for edits to the regional boundaries using an interactive map.

Open ended comments provided to elaborate on "Support with edits" and "Do not support" responses are provided by category on the following pages. Key themes include:

- Specific boundary locations
- Region naming
- Map clarity
- Region size

#### **Rule Results Summary**

The questionnaire invited respondents to view the Discussion Draft boundaries using an interactive map and to identify the location to which their comments pertain. Figure 9 below shows the location of respondent-placed pins.

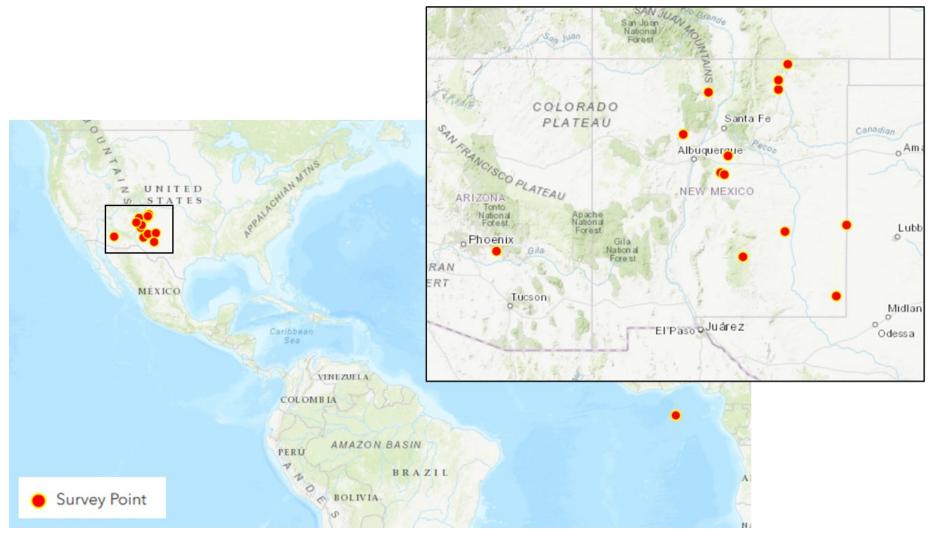


Figure 9. Map showing the location of respondent pins, indicating the area on which they had comments related to regional boundaries.

# **Open Ended Comments**

# **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Separating the Middle Rio from the Upper Rio at Otowi makes sense from a gauging perspective, however,
	from an operations perspective, you have a lot of co-mingled operations along the Rio Chama that are directed
	by entities within the Middle Rio (ABCWUA/MRGCD/other San Juan Chama Contractors/6 MRG Pueblos). I would
	suggest more discussion about creating a "Middle Rio Grande-Rio Chama Council" with a boundary at the
	confluence of the Chama and Rio Grande for the Upper Rio Grande Council
Specific	I propose that North Central Council be named: Northern Rio Grande Council
Specific	It seems to me that the region from Eunice to Jal, having no significant surface drainages, yet supplied with Ogallala Aquifer water is best served by being included in the High Plains Council, rather than the Pecos
	Council. This region is not necessarily agriculture focused as in the Pecos Council and its main use of water.
	Sure, there is farming from Hobbs to Clovis, but the source is groundwater from the High Plains aquifer, only.
	Irrigation water sources in the Pecos Council is from reservoirs, from wells, shallow and deep, and overall lit is
	very different from the region further west.
Specific	The Jornada del Muerto needs to be separated from the Lower Rio Grande Council
Specific	I support updating Regional Water Planning Boundaries to reflect hydrologic boundaries but am concerned
Specific	with the Estancia Basin being included with the southern closed basins (Tularosa, Salt, Sacramento). The area
	proposed, south of Estancia Basin, is an area that was made up of 3 previous planning water regions, all of
	which had surface water and compacts. Using the "Preferred Hydro-Administrative Boundaries" as-is would be
	detrimental to the Estancia Basin community as the Estancia Basin Water Panning Committee has stayed active
	in Regional Water Planning since 1995.
Specific	At least two of the regions sort of the in middle have no name. and it you put the name with each word below
Specific	the other and mostly within its region, it would be much easier to determine which region has which name.
Specific	Albuquerque and Santa Fe should be a separate council as their water use priorities are generally not that of
•	the rural areas they are lumped in with.
Specific	EBWPC Supports with edits. The committee supports updating Regional Water Planning Boundaries to reflect
•	hydrologic boundaries. Though, the committee is concerned with Estancia Basin being included with the
	southern closed basins (Tularosa, Salt, Sacramento). The area proposed, south of Estancia Basin, is an area that
	was made up of 3 previous planning water regions, all of which had differing and separate surface waters and

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	associated compacts. Using the "Preferred Hydro-Administrative Boundaries" as-is would be detrimental to the
	Estancia Basin Community as this committee has stayed active in Regional Water Planning since 1995.
Specific	I think the Canadian and Pecos Councils should contain their entire stream system from headwaters to the
	border. Rio San Jose should be in the MRG Council.
Specific	The Estancia Basin Water Planning Committee (EBWPC) supports updating Regional Water Planning Boundaries to reflect hydrologic boundaries. However, the committee is concerned with Estancia Basin being included with the southern closed basins (Tularosa, Salt, Sacramento). The area proposed, south of Estancia Basin, is an area
	that was made up of 3 previous planning water regions, all of which had differing and separate surface waters and associated compacts. Using the "Preferred Hydro-Administrative Boundaries" as-is would be detrimental to the Estancia Basin Community as this committee has stayed active in Regional Water Planning since 1995.
Specific	CPSWCD supports updating the Regional Water Planning Boundaries to reflect hydrologic boundaries. Though, the district is concerned with Estancia Basin being included with the southern closed basins (Tularosa, Salt, Sacramento). The area proposed, south of Estancia Basin, is an area that was made up of 3 previous planning water regions, all of which had differing and separate surface waters and associated compacts. Using the "Preferred Hydro-Administrative Boundaries" as-is would be detrimental to the Estancia Basin Community as this committee has stayed active in Regional Water Planning since 1995.
Specific	An additional layer of existing Declared underground basins on this map may help illustrate those relationships. Is it the intent that representatives from "split" stakeholders be represented in each of the councils where overlaps occur? Will Councils that have Sub-regions be able to draw their own boundaries?
Specific	The current planning regions should track better with the administration that will be in charge of implementing the funding that will follow the completion of the plans. Either with the Councils of Governments, the Office of the State Engineer's Administrative District Offices, or other possible administrators of the funds.
Specific	The current planning regions should track better with the administration that will be in charge of implementing the funding that will follow the completion of the plans. Either with the Councils of Governments, the Office of the State Engineer's Administrative District Offices, or other possible administrators of the funds.
Specific	General comments:  1) There is a gap between the support for regional water planning that needs to start in a subwatershed scale (e.g. HUC 10 or HUC 8 in some regions) and these proposed larger regions.  2) Support is also critical for community members who are not paid staff to participate - at times and locations that are convenient for these communities  3) Several regions that have diversity on multiple levels have been combined, for example in the Upper Rio

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	Grande Council, three regions now are combined, Rio Chama, Taos, and half of Jemez y Sangre. As well, the
	previous regions were already much larger than communities typically collaborate, which is often at the
	subwatershed HUC 10 level. I recommend that subwatersheds within the basins of each region be
	subcommittees and the Regional Council be given the option to choose HUC 10 or HUC 8 levels, and given the
	option to join HUC 10s together as desired.
Specific	NMWA SUPPORTS WITH EDITS: The MAP generally looks good. We suggest the north edge of the Pecos
	Council region be extended a little northward to encompass the headwaters of the Pecos River.
Specific	Subregions should be delineated and supported.
General	Until the issue of over development and population growth is addressed in the santa metropolitan area, a lot of
	restrictions are needed
General	The ability for the upper rios chama watershed historical Acequias to irrigate and contribute to recharge is
	crucial for ground water beyond the region boundariesRestricting irrigation usage in mountain watershed
	recharge zones may prove to be devastating for wells further South. Pre 1906 Aceqias have been part of the
	recharge that the State depends upon in all of its surveysRestricting irrigation in these mountain zones may
	totally change ground water availability.
General	I think the regions are good but the map is not clear about boundaries. I think Santa Fe is in the Upper Middle
	'Rio Grand but the maps are confusing on this.
	I have no idea were Elephant Butte fits into the map of the regions. These are graphics issues I think not a real problem.
General	The boundaries appear inconsistent, with some areas being significantly larger than others. What criteria were used to determine them?

#### **Do Not Support**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	In regard to the planning regions for the Water Security Planning Act, we do not support the 9 regions in their current state, particularly the Central Basin Council. The Estancia Valley is a closed, flat floored basin, which does not connect to any part of the basins found in the Southern parts of the current map. The only outlet for precipitation that falls in the basin is through evaporation. This basin has no relation or impact in any surrounding areas and should therefore be in its own planning region. There are no streams or rivers meaning all the water found here is groundwater. This basin is unique in the irrigation and residential water usage when compared to other parts of the state and should be treated that way.
Specific	The new boundaries encompass too large of areas, within which there are vastly different experiences, cultures and needs. The old 16 regions were more accurate and useful for real community organizing, action and change.
Specific	Our rural NENM municipalities and counties will be paired up with huge population areas and counties and have no real power or voice. We have already experienced Raton being split in half for voting purposes. That redistricting hurt us badly. We have no voice. We can't even consolidate as a town. This is the same problem. Lumping small rural NENM with Albuquerque and Santa Fe is not remotely fair and we have nothing in common with these areas. Our issues and our strengths are different. STRONGLY OPPOSE
Specific	The regions are too big. The way that the Office of the State Engineer has the districts in New Mexico is more accurate because it is based on the way the water moves in the State. The regions in the above map do not make sense.
Specific Other	The Estancia Basin is isolated with no direct connection to the other basins in the proposed planning area Again Government take over.

# Rule Section 10: Composition of Regional Water Security Planning Council

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

COMPOSITION OF REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLANNING COUNCIL

A. The commission shall invite representatives from the following entities located within each Planning Region, except as otherwise provided for in sections C and D below, to establish the Regional Water Security Planning Council ("Council" or "Planning Council"). Each entity is entitled to have a representative serve on the council for any Planning Region that it is located within. The commission shall convene the representatives with the goal of establishing the members of a Council by consensus, or, if no agreement is reached, the commission shall determine the initial members of the Council. A Council can also self-organize provided the criteria below are met. Council membership will be based on the following:

- (1) one representative appointed by the governing body of each municipality;
- (2) one representative appointed by the governing body of each county;
- (3) one representative appointed by the governing body of each irrigation or conservancy district;
- (4) one representative appointed by the governing bodies of each Pueblo, Tribe, or Nation;
- (5) one representative appointed by the governing body of each council of government;
- (6) one representative appointed by the governing bodies of each soil and water conservation district;
- (7) one acequia or community ditch representative for each county located in whole or in part within the planning region, who shall be appointed by the governing body of the New Mexico Acequia Commission; and
- (8) one representative for mutual domestic or community regional water systems for each county located in whole or in part within the planning region, who shall be appointed.
- B. Each Council shall invite ten at-large members, located within the region, to represent the following stakeholders or stakeholder groups:
  - (1) agricultural producers;

- (2) a public higher education institution;
- (3) environmental or conservation organizations with water security concerns in the Planning Region;
- (4) recreational interests;
- (5) industrial water users; and
- (6) five additional at-large members.

C. Each council shall invite three non-voting representatives for entities outside the Planning Region. Representatives appointed pursuant to this shall not be required to reside within the borders of the planning region.

D. If a qualified or willing representative cannot be identified to serve as a representative for any entity or stakeholder described in sections 4.A or 4.B, the commission may select a replacement non-voting member who is knowledgeable about water resources in the Planning Region.

E. The council shall adopt written operating principles that describe the following, at a minimum, and shall provide their operating principles to the commission upon request:

- (1) the roles and responsibilities of the council members;
- (2) the duration of the term for representatives on the council; and
- (3) the grounds and process for removing a representative from the council.

F. Subject to the commission director's determination of adequate funding and staffing, a commission staff member who resides within shall act as the commission's liaison to the council for the purpose of ensuring the proper coordination of commission information, policies, and resources.

G. The commission shall provide administrative support and facilitation for up to three (3) meetings of the Council per calendar year.

#### **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

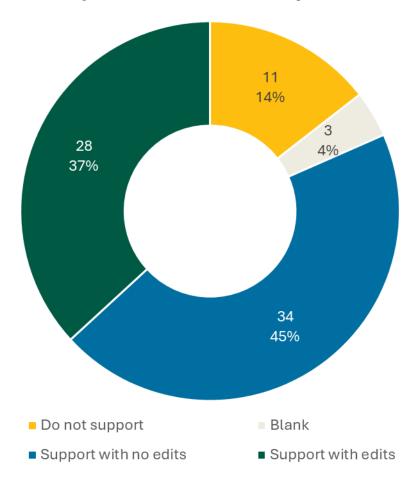


Figure 10. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 10. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 10 relates to composition of the regional water planning councils and had the lowest level of support with no edits among the rule sections at 45%.

Open ended comments provided to elaborate on "Support with edits" and "Do not support" responses are provided by category on the following pages. Key themes include:

- Participation by specific entities
- Recommendations to reduce the council size
- Clarification of roles and responsibilities

# **Open Ended Comments**

# **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Not sure about the reason for C. It would seem that this would create an overlap across Planning regions Why?
Specific	Section 10.B: The rule should clarify at-large membership. It appears the intent is for each of the first 5 groups have at least 1 member and that 5 at-large members can represent any group. However, it only prescribes there be 10 members that represent the 5 groups.  NMDA suggests adding "at least one representative from" to 4.B.1 through 4.B.5. and ", provided they represent diverse interests" to the end of 4.B.6.
	Section 10.C: Are these state or federal agency staff? Or delegates from upstream/downstream councils? Suggest clarifying or allowing councils to appoint flexible number of non-voting members.
	Section 10.D: "sections 4.A or 4.B" should be "sections 10.A or 10.B"
	Section 10.E.2: Can each region's council members have different term limits? Will this be problematic? ISC should consider putting guidelines.
	Section 10.G: It would be helpful for staff to regularly exchange lessons & challenges as councils become established.
	Sections 10.G & H: Re-letter to sections F & G.
Specific	I think ground water recharge zones should have a voice as well, ignoring recharge for the State and just running as much water as possible down stream may prove to be devastating for Southern municipalities and area water systems and wells. From what I can tell, the Northern mountains' are key to recharge for the majority of the State's groundwater. Recharge moves and stores water underground, protected from
	evaporation. Restricting mountain Acequias usage will impact beyond the boundaries on your map.
Specific	Clarification of roles and responsibilities of specifically a non-voting member would be appreciated. Increasing representation is important but there are challenges with achieving quorum.
Specific	1. Section B on at large members should include mention of youth representation, as youth deserve a voice in planning for their own futures.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	2. Regarding A-7 "one acequia or community ditch representative for each county located in whole or in part
	within the planning region, who shall be appointed by the governing body of the New Mexico Acequia
	Commission" - this is insufficient representation for such vital and widespread entities. There should be one
	acequia representative per Acequia Regional Association, of which there may be several in a given county. The
	New Mexico Acequia Association maintains a list of each Regional Association for reference. Furthermore, each
	Regional Acequia Association should have the power to delegate their own representative directly, rather than
	giving this power to the NM Acequia Comission which may or may not have adequate knowledge to choose the best representative.
Specific	In D, you mention 4 A or 4 B. Are you referring to A 4 and B 4?
Specific	B. Each Council shall invite ten at-large members who are full-time residents of the council boundary, to
	represent the following stakeholders or stakeholder groups 2 each:
	(1) local ranchers (land and livestock owned by rancher member);
	(2) local farmers (land owned by farmer member);
	(3) 1 water policy expert and 1 environmental policy expert from public higher education institutions operating
	in the council boundary;
	(4) non-profit environmental or conservation organizations with board living within the council boundary and
	water security concerns in the Planning Region;
	(5) recreational interests owned and run by a full-time resident of the council boundary.
	REMOVE -C. Each council shall invite three non-voting representatives for entities outside the Planning Region
	They can have influence over their own councils, but should have NO influence outside of them.
	REMOVE D This opens up the possibility of interference from outside interests.
Specific	In Section B, a representative from a local community group focusing on responsible development (e.g.
	Registered or Community Organizations in Santa Fe County) should be explicitly listed.
Specific	everyone needs water to live participation on these boards/etc needs to include or, at least, notify everyone.
Specific	(5) one representative appointed by the governing body of each council of government; This should be
	removed. The council of governments are made up of municipalities and counties that are already on this list
	and available for membership on the water security planning council.
	C. Each council shall invite three non-voting representatives for entities outside the Planning Region.
	This should be a may statement not shall.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	The proposed composition for the Regional Water Security Planning Council has the potential to result in a
	group of 60+ members, depending on the region. Recommend dividing municipalities and water systems by
	size with a representative of each size category on the council, with guidelines on how the representative would
	engage other municipalities/systems in their role on the council. The planning council needs to be a size that is able to make decisions and be successful.
	The draft rule states that the commission will invite representatives to serve on the planning council. For
	consideration is a pathway for the council to make recommendations to the commission for council members
	or an application process that can include letters of support from the council as well as stakeholders.
	Rather than have three non-voting representatives on the council, it may be more productive to have a
Coocific	subcommittee of those representatives to make recommendations to and inform council decisions.
Specific	EBWPC Supports with edits. Clarification of roles and responsibilities of specifically a non-voting member would
	be appreciated. The EBWPC does support increasing representation but is also aware of the realities of
	achieving quorum. Full representation from each member type mentioned would triple the size of the
	committee.
Specific	Recommend adding a 9th class of representatives under Section A as follows:
	(9) one land grant-merced representative for each county located in whole or in part
	within the planning region, who shall be appointed by the governing body of the New Mexico Land Grant Council.
	Land grant-mercedes (LG-Ms) are political subdivisions of the State (NMSA 1978, §§ 49-1-1 & 49-4-4, NMSA
	1978), with regulatory and protective authority over the common waters of the LG-M (NMSA 1978, §§ 49-1-
	3H(H), 49-1-16, 49-4- 5(H), 49-4-17). LG-Ms have authority over land-use, comprehensive planning, zoning, and
	infrastructure development over their common lands. 27 LG-Ms recognized as political subdivisions of the State,
	collectively manage over 200,000 acres of land in the watersheds of at least ten counties. Given their local
	government and land and water management status they should be incorporated into the planning process.
	The NM Land Grant Council is a state agency (§49-11-1 et. seq., NMSA 1978).
Specific	Section A) Suggested language: one representative appointed by (the entity that is the watershed group/ entity)
•	for every organized watershed (e.g. HUC 10s)
	Reasoning: This process needs to support every subwatershed so they can start or continue a watershed scale

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	water planning process and create a watershed group or entity.
	Section C) Change shall to "may". Recommend to not specify a number, give more guidance on the purpose of
	these participants. We assume this is to include representatives whose interests overlap into this region's.
	Section E) ISC shall provide a template operating principals with options for Regions to select and modify.
	Section F) Insert who "ideally" resides - so as to ensure that all regions can receive support regardless of staffing patterns.
	Section G) Subwatersheds need ongoing support to have the capacity to engage the Regional process.
	Recognizing ISC's limited capacity they will collaborate with other agencies to provide support to subwatersheds.
Specific	The regional planning council membership, as outlined, may number as high as several dozen far too large to
•	serve as an effective planning team. I suggest limiting the number of members to 15, dropping the
	requirement to include representative from each county of municipalities, acequias, mutual domestic
	associations, etc. Also drop representatives of institutions of higher education a better role is for them to
	serve as technical advisors and drop the requirement that conservation organizations have "water security
	concerns in the Planning Region." (For no other group is this a requirement, inexplicably.)
Specific	Specify appointment of elected County Commissioners from each county.
Specific	Water right owners should have a major voice on the council. As written, there is not even a mandatory
	position designated for the owner of water rights.
Specific	The district would expect clarification of roles and responsibilities of specifically a non-voting member would be
	appreciated. The district does support increasing representation but is also aware of the realities of achieving a
	quorum. Full representation from each member type mentioned would triple the size of the committee.
Specific	The district would expect clarification of roles and responsibilities of specifically a non-voting member would be
	appreciated. The district does support increasing representation but is also aware of the realities of achieving a
	quorum. Full representation from each member type mentioned would triple the size of the committee.
General	Agricultural producers remain remain a chemically dependent monoculture. In 1947, Aldo Leopold presented
	the alternative of integrating with existing native plants and wildlife. This was rejected. A farmer boasted to me
	that he shoots everything that moves. USDA and NMDA pander to the most destructive forms of farming,
	including hazmat suits. As an organic farmer who restores native plants and protects wildlife, I am
	horrified.Furthermore, local farmers shoot migratory birds within minutes of their landing. New Mexico Game?
	and Fish is one of the most reactionary and uninformed organizations possible. You need to shift your focus

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	back at least a million years. Cranes have been migrating here for 10. The Pueblo see rivers as sacred, the
	Spanish as community and the Anglo as commodity. You are still thinking like Anglo settlers.
General	Clarification of roles and responsibilities of specifically a non-voting member would be appreciated. The EBWPC
	does support increasing representation but is also aware of the realities of achieving quorum. Full
	representation from each member type mentioned would triple the size of the committee.
General	The commission will invite the representatives, but it does not address how the council will develop the list of
	parties that will be invited – will the commission solicit a list of potential representatives from those entities or
	will the invitation be made to the entities (rather than individual persons )? Will the invitation process be
	transparent and public? 10 (8) is particularly vague. Will a given representative be the same person on multiple
	councils where entities that span multiple regions or are separate representatives for each entity envisioned?
	And, must the representative for an entity reside within the planning region to which they are appointed .
	Would it make more sense if the representative resides in or actively works or has actively worked in the
	planning region? The list of entities and stakeholders is wide reaching. However, this list may result in a
	planning council that could have upwards of 50 members in some planning councils such as the Middle Rio
	Grande.
General	On B-6 I am concerned about who appoints the 5 at large members and who they would represent.
	On A, I'm from Santa Fe County and we have a new thing called the ROCOCO. I think one member from there
	would be good. We have 38 Traditional Communities (places over 100 years in existence) and 7 Traditional
	Historic Communities (meeting requirements of the state statute of the same name). Traditional Communities
	all have Acequias and Mutual Domestics but are looking at things bigger than those narrow interests. Plus the
	Santa Fe County representative can not possibly know what the 38 communities need.
General	I don't have specific language to suggest, but I see two issues: (1) there is not enough technical expertise
	(hydrologists, climatologists) and (2) the council may end up with dozens of members, making it unwieldy.
General	In the MRG, the membership looks to exceed 60 folks, if every municipality has a seat! Becomes a bit skewed inf
	MRGCD has 1 seat.
Other	Please see attached document for redline edits.
Other	Please see attached letter

#### **Do Not Support**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	A.8. 1. should be one representative for EACH Mutual Domestic not one Mutual Domestic in a County - They don't all get along, yet each has water rights and should have the right to participate since they will be directly affected and represent their users. 2. why are you including people or organizations that have no water rights but like to tell others what to do?
	C. should be removed - why involve people that aren't affected - but most likely a political choice?  D. Same comment as C.
Specific	A council of approximately 18 voting members and 3 non-voting members depending on how many municipalities, countries, tribes, irrigation districts, etc. are in each region is entirely too large to accomplish business effectively and efficiently. The terms, responsibilities, and grounds for removal of the council members are to be set by each individual council allowing for major discrepancies and inconsistencies throughout the state. The terms, responsibilities, and grounds for removal should be consistent for each regional council.
Specific	The potential number of council members is unmanageable and unrealistic with the concerns of one basin having no bearing on the concerns of another
Specific	" NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: We don't believe such a massive membership on the Councils permits achieving anything productive. Each region should set its own membership quantities, under broad, balanced representation criteria.
	We believe the rules should include qualification criteria for members or for the Council membership as a whole. The detailed directives, and especially Subsection G, suggest that ISC envisions a top-down role in the planning process; not good. Our recommended edits are in x.xx.xx.10 of our markup file to provide constraint boundaries, rather than detailed directives."
General	Excluding the voices of Hispanic parciantes (water rights owners) is unacceptable and fails to represent all acequias. This lack of inclusivity undermines the fairness and integrity of the process.
General	I don't with having a commission when the Office of the State Engineer already has the ability to regulate the water in the state. This is crazy.
General	Although not the intention, it seems that from a practical point of view the general public and the commercial sector will be shut out of the process.
	Governmental entities are playing to large a role IMO.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	I oppose this entire idea.
	Those with water rights should have primary voices. Those with water utilities should have primary voices. We already work with agricultural producers. This high number of "at large reps" and others with special interests is unacceptable. No special interest groups should be allowed. Nothing happens in meetings like this with too many voices and voices who don't see the entire picture or have any investment in the infrastructure. They do not have the knowledge or know-how and definitely don't have the water rights. Water is serious business to sustain the life of our communities. Many of us have spent millions if not more in today's dollars developing and investing in our water infrastructure. Municipal water supply should have local control only.
Other	Government take over.

# Rule Section 11: Regional Water Security Planning Council Meeting Requirements

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLANNING COUNCIL MEETING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Meetings shall be held at least three (3) times per year during periods of plan development or update.
- B. Councils must provide reasonable notice of meetings or other activities to council members, the public, and the commission.
- C. Subcommittee meetings may be held and may or may not be supported by commission staff and resources.

#### **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

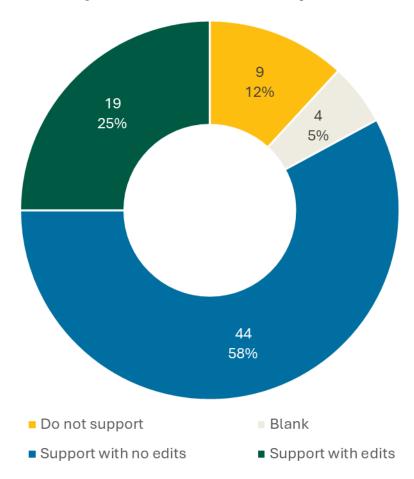


Figure 11. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 11. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 11 relates to the frequency and notice requirements for regional water security planning councils. 58% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft rule language with no edits.

Open ended comments provided to elaborate on "Support with edits" and "Do not support" responses are provided by category on the following pages. Key themes include:

- Recommendations to move the meeting frequency to quarterly
- Process and timeline for giving notice of meetings
- Meeting format and location
- Scope of volunteer council responsibilities

# **Open Ended Comments**

# **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Meetings should be at the least quarterly, so 4 times per year during periods of plan development or update.
Specific	Section 11.B: ISC may want to clarify that these councils are subject to the Open Meeting Act and this provides a
	minimum period for reasonable notice.
Specific	Quarterly meetings at a minimum
Specific	B. Councils must provide 30 days notice of meetings and meeting purpose, and reasonable notice of other
	activities and their purpose, to council members, the public, and the commission.
	C. Subcommittee meetings may be held and supported by commission staff and resources.
	D. All meetings will have the option for council members, the public, and the commission to attend remotely.
	Changes to D. allows for higher attendance rate for rural members, the public, and the commission.
Specific	Meetings of any sort may be virtual or hybrid in structure.
Specific	In general I support this document. I do not see anywhere, maybe I missed it, where there is a deadline date for
	a completed water plan even if it includes the ability to make changes for the future. I think a completed water
	plan is a necessity.
Specific	Please see attached document for redline edits. Shall meet 4 times a year.
Specific	Recommend that meetings be held quarterly
Specific	The larger planning units and the representation implies that much work will need to occur to bring to these 3
	meetings, we recommend that this process needs to also support that work. Examples could include stipends
	for organizations that have a representative can apply to support their planning work.
	Sample suggested language: Subwatersheds (e.g. HUC 10s) within the regions will be identified before the first
	regional meeting. Each subwatershed will receive a budget and ISC or other agency staff support to prepare for
	representing the need of their area in the larger regional water planning meetings of the region.
	Reasoning: Since the watershed regions recognizes the importance of the watershed approach, we recognize
	that the local communities need to be supported in taking a watershed approach. The consolidated basins

## **Rule Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	based on watersheds are so large and comprised of many subwatersheds. Each community needs to be able to
	look at their water on the watershed scale.
Specific	That the council will meet a minimum of three times is too infrequent. I suggest at least quarterly.
Specific	Clearly subcommittee meetings will be needed, along with data collection, etc. Support should include such
	meetings and activities.
Specific	Define "reasonable notice"
General	Curious about the language of "shall be held at least three times per year" should this be contingent on ISC
	providing funding for facilitation and technical support?
General	HOW will notice be given? This should be stated clearly to ensure sufficient and meaningful community notice,
	such as requiring posting in community spaces and via mail, not just in online forums.
General	Section x.xx.xx.11.B Regional Water Security Planning Council Meeting Requirements needs to be revised to
	define "reasonable notice" Without this defined in the rule, there will be significant variability across planning
	regions and therefore inconsistent engagement with residents of the planning region.
General	This is a good section to add in an Open Meetings Act requirement
General	Communication regarding water is essential, but this schedule and structure places a heavy burden on rural
	agricultural areas with very few people. The significant obligations on the council of notice, multiple meetings
	and the keeping and maintenance of records all fall on the volunteer council. There is no obligation on the state
	to provide staffing or administrative support.
Other	Please see attached letter

#### **Do Not Support**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: There's no indication of how there will be exchange of information between the public and the planning. Three annual MEETINGS, especially for a large Council is a recipe for total inaction. There doesn't appear to be any instruction about what the Councils should do (besides meet). Again, subsection C suggests commission top-down meddling.
	Fundamentally, there is no statutory requirement for specifying meeting quantities. We believe it should be up to each Regional Council to determine its own operating procedures, enforced by meeting the regional plan approval criteria for an acceptable public process, as in the suggested our markup file revised x.xx.xx.12. Our recommended edits are in x.xx.xx.11 of our markup file. They declare simply that Regional Councils are not subject to the Open Meetings Act (maybe a legal question).
Specific	I agree with the regional water security planning. The regions are too big and what might be good planning for one area might drastically hurt another area. There needs to be more local planning.
General	In many cases this will render the Subcommittee meeting irrelevant
General	No council. Period.
General	It is imperative to increase the number of meetings and hold them in the rural areas where parciantes reside. Ensuring that information is accessible to all stakeholders is essential. The current top-down approach appears to marginalize water rights owners, which is unacceptable.
Other	And again Government taking.

# **Rule Section 12: Adoption of Regional Water Security Plan**

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

#### ADOPTION OF REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLAN

In order to be approved by the commission, regional plans must meet the following criteria:

- A. Plans shall include a list of projects, programs and policies in order of priority.
- B. Councils shall seek and document in the plan Water Security Tribal Advisory Council (WSTAC) involvement, input and endorsements, as applicable.
- C. Councils shall seek and document in the plan public input in the development, vetting and prioritization of regional water planning activities and proposals.
- D. Councils shall seek and document and incorporate comments received from stakeholders consistent with the guidelines laid out by the commission.
- E. Plans shall provide documentation of comments received from, and coordination with, state and federal agencies.
- F. Councils shall review existing water plans and data sets of municipalities, counties, and other entities within or relevant to the Planning Region and use them as appropriate.
- G. The outcomes sought by each Regional Water Security Plan shall:
  - (1) be established through broad public input;
  - (2) consider public welfare values, balancing water uses and the needs of future generations of New Mexicans;
  - (3) comply with state water law;
  - (4) be developed using the best available science;
  - (5) recognize and respect federally recognized or reserved tribal water rights;
  - (6) consider access to water for domestic use; and

- (7) comply with applicable federal water law.
- (8) consider the water needs of healthy fish and aquatic and riparian habitats
- H. Councils must report to the commission by June 30 of each year on the progress of Planning Activities and outcomes of Regional Water Security Plan implementation.
- I. Plans shall be updated at least once every ten years and may be updated more frequently. The commission will maintain and publish all water security plans developed by Planning Councils.

## **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

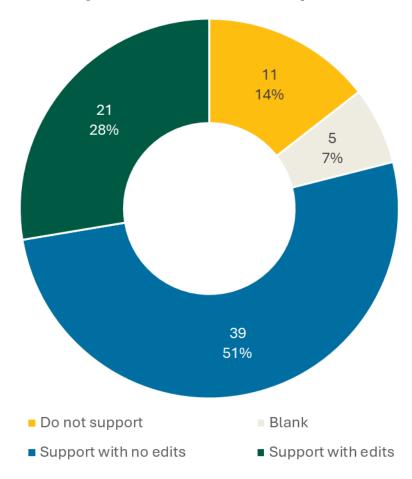


Figure 12. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 12. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 12 relates to the criteria for approval of regional water security plans. 55% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft rule language with no edits.

- Plan update frequency
- Climate change and environment
- Clarity of direction on the role of councils
- Clarity and rigor in adoption criteria

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Under G, can you add "9) consider vulnerability to climate change and ways to improve resilience"
Specific	Section I. Plans shall be updated at least once every FIVE years and may be updated more frequently. The
	commission will maintain and publish all water security plans developed by Planning Councils.
Specific	Section 12.A: Minor clarification—insert "proposed or existing" in front of projects, programs and policies.
	Sections 12.C & 12.D: NMDA recommends further clarifying the appropriate documentation requirements of
	12.C & 12.D in or near section 3 of the guidelines (and possibly section 9.6).
	Section 12.G.3: NMDA recommends adding ", including respect for established water rights" to dispel and misconceptions about the powers of these planning councils.
	Section 12.G: NMDA recommends inclusion of an eighth outcome: (8) Support regional food security and agricultural resilience
	This objective is intended to allow communities to self-determine how to balance the preservation of traditional ag. systems, rural economic development, food production, and water conservation in their region.
	Section 12.I: NMDA recommends considering moving these planning updates onto a 5-year cycle, with annual review, for operation and effect. Otherwise, such documents may sit on a shelf collecting dust.
Specific	G. (2) Recognize established water uses, embrace conservation where possible, consider public welfare, and the likely needs of future New Mexicans
	G. (4) Be cognizant of the best and most up-to-date available water-resource data, and recognize a wide range of predictive climate scenarios
Specific	Define "broad public input" and "public welfare values"
Specific	comply with the Endangered Species Act
Specific	G 8 should read something more broad such as - "consider the water, and inherent right to health of natural ecosystems, including aquatic and riparian habitats

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	B. Councils shall seek and document in the plan Water Security Tribal Advisory Council (WSTAC) involvement,
	input, and endorsements (as applicable).
Specific	Section x.xx.xx.12.A indicates that projects will be included in the plan but the rule does not define how a
	council will receive, review, and prioritize projects in the planning region. Without this outline in the rule, there
	is the potential for imbalance within a region given the variety of resources available to allocate to water project planning.
	Section x.xx.xx.12.C. Adoption of Regional Water Security Plan is general and could be revised to be more
	specific on how the public input will be engaged (e.g., frequency of public meetings/town halls, etc.) and what is meant by "vetting." Recommend defining basic requirements for public outreach and input engagement.
	Recommend "stakeholders" be added to x.xx.xx.7 Definitions.
	Section x.xx.xx.12.G(2) Adoption of Regional Water Security Plan may be difficult to measure to verify that this
	requirement has been met during plan development.
Specific	Lots of additions needed here.
	Where is there any discussion of the why are we doing this? In 2004, the MRG's plan was built around the
	knowledge that we were using too much with the goal being to "balance use with renewable supply."
	Where is the planning process? When will the Council deal with the identification of the problem, goals and
	objectives, and clarifying the consequences for not meeting goals?
	Some additional topics:
	Water Resources Assessment for the Planning Region
	Water Supply
	Water Demand
	Future water uses by 40 year planning horizon
	Water Plan Alternatives
	Legal Issues Alternatives (each proposed alternative must be evaluated technical feasibility, political feasibility, social and
	Alternatives (each proposed alternative must be evaluated technical reasibility, political reasibility, social and

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	cultural impacts, financial feasibility as well as physical, hydrological and environmental impacts)
	Implementation schedule
	(plus see my written comments, already submitted.)
Specific	Recommend adding to new outcome under Sec. G as follows:
	(9) recognize and respect acequia, mutual domestic, and land grant-mercedes water
	rights and management authority;
	(10) meet the water needs of rural and agricultural communities.
General	Again, until the ultimate number and restrictions placed on the over development of cities in New Mexico is
	determined this is all window dressing.
General	So far in the time from summer of 2024 until now, there's a monumental drought in NNM. Seems like this
	process would benefit from making emergency plans for a severe drought.
General	This section needs to provide some clearer direction for the councils. They are to make a list- for what? why?
	What will the list be used for?
General	Please clarify best available science and include recognition and projects that plan for climate resiliency. The
	guidelines state PPP lists should be updated at least every 5 years. Should that be included in the rule?
General	I think a G-9 would be appropriate that refers to historical and cultural traditions. Such as a having water in the
	Santa Fe River in accordance with the Living River Ordinance that achieves a River Blessing on San Isidro Day on May 15th.
General	The criteria for acceptance of regional water plans need clarification and rigor. Earlier efforts at NM regional
	water planning are widely understood to have failed, and this rubric does not address the causes of this failure,
	including: insufficient integration with the state water plan; failure to require sustainable funding plans for each
	PPP; no explicit linkage between PPPs and state funding vehicles such as the Water Trust Fund and capital
	outlay, and few to no criteria for project selection; lack of attention to the principles and practices of integrated
	water resources management (i.e., collaborative management of all water resources—surface water,
	groundwater, wastewater, and stormwater—to maximize economic, social, and environmental benefits, and
	coordination across different sectors and jurisdictions to address water challenges holistically); and no
	requirements, or state technical or financial support, for development of a consistent and rigorous scientific
	foundation.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	Though we strongly support the intention that Regional Water Security Plans (Regional Plans) should be locally-driven by public input to the Regional Water Security Planning Councils, establishing clear overarching goals and objectives for Regional Plans in the Rule is critical to ensuring that all Regional Plans are able to consistently make and measure progress toward water security benchmarks. Furthermore, in section 12.G, we suggest that an additional outcome be added to address the crucial importance of groundwater management to the success of any Regional Water Security Plan. For our complete comments on these items, please see the attached
	comments we have submitted through this survey.
General	Plans (projects, policies and programs) will require significant professional expertise to develop. It appears that the burden, financial and administrative, is entirely on the volunteer council. This is not a sustainable approach.
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Section G must include consideration for agricultural usages and historic water rights in the region
Specific	The regions are too big
Specific	The focus on projects, programs, and policies in A is premature, with the requirements that need to drive those
	PPPs de-emphasized and buried in subsections of G.
	The status of the regional water supply must be established and documented before the expensive and
	extensive planning of PPPs goes forward. The rule needs to establish this science-based process.
Specific	The current approach fails to recognize the rights of Hispanic water rights owners under the Treaty of
	Guadalupe Hidalgo. While securing water for tribes is essential, it is equally important to address the
	entitlements of Hispanic communities to ensure equitable water distribution for all stakeholders.
Specific	" NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: The APPROVAL criteria are weak. There doesn't appear to be` any indication of
	what planning or plans should accomplish (besides providing shelf documents). We believe "approval" is a
	better word than "adoption" in the title of this paragraph
	We expect that in order to be approved, regional plans must lay out an evaluated and prioritized program of
	preferred actions (projects and policies), that when implemented, will achieve regional water resilience, now
	and in the future. Our recommended edits are in x.xx.xx.12 of our markup file. They delineate plan approval
	criteria - separately for the region's processes, and for the region's resultant plan content The criteria in that

### **Rule Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	text serve as the enforcement mechanism for the bulk of the rules imposed on the Regional Planning Council in
	x.xx.xx.16 of our markup file."
General	Not sure how you can move forward with all this when the lawsuit with Texas is still going and the supreme court seems to want to try and let the federal government rule all water and potentially ruin progress in the lower portion of the Rio Grande
General	The number of unrelated closed basins makes this impractical. I don't see how this could work with unrelated concerns from one basin to the next.
General	Those with water rights decide on their water. Period. Anything else is illegal.
Other	Government GRAB.

# Rule Section 13: Procedure for Regional Water Security Planning Councils to Develop and Provide Notice to the Commission of Issues and Concerns Relating to the Public Welfare of the Water Planning Region

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

PROCEDURE FOR REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLANNING COUNCILS TO DEVELOP AND PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE COMMISSION OF ISSUES AND CONCERNS RELATING TO THE PUBLIC WELFARE OF THE WATER PLANNING REGION

A. Identifying Public Welfare Issues and Concerns for Water Planning Region: Each Council shall establish a process for identifying the issues and concerns relating to the public welfare of the Council's water planning region. The process shall comply with the following requirements:

- (1) All water rights holders or other interested parties who may be affected by a Council's determination shall be given a full and fair opportunity to participate in the process.
- (2) Any member of the public or member of a Council may suggest a possible issue and concern related to public welfare for consideration by a Council.
- (3) A Council shall not act on any suggestion until the requirements of notice and opportunity for participation under this rule have been met.
- (4) In determining whether a particular issue or concern rises to the level of the public welfare of the water planning region, a Council is not required to reach unanimous consensus, but the Council shall include a clear description of the positions of any opponents when it transmits its determination to the Commission.
- (5) Issues and concerns relating to the public welfare of a water planning region identified by a Council under the procedures outlined in this rule shall not be duplicative of the water rights evaluation factors set forth in the state engineer's authorizing statutes (i.e., impairment of existing water rights, contrary to conservation of water within the state, or detrimental to the public welfare of the state).
- B. State engineer consideration of regional issues of public welfare in permitting decisions:

#### **Rule Results Summary**

- (1) The state engineer, in its permitting decisions, may consider issues of public welfare of a water planning region identified by a Council if the state engineer determines that such regional issues are related to or may impact the public of the welfare of the state.
- (2) The state engineer shall not be bound by any determination of a Council.
- (3) In reviewing applications that implicate a given issue or concern identified by a Council as relating to the public welfare of a water planning region, the state engineer shall explain its reasoning related to such issue or concern if the state engineer determines that it is relevant to the public welfare of the state.

#### C. Notification of Council's Determination:

- (1) When a Council has determined that an issue or concern relates to the public welfare of a water planning region, the Council shall notify the Commission;
- (2) The notification shall include the information contained in Subsection A of this Section;
- (3) The Commission's staff shall notify the state engineer district office(s) within the relevant water planning region of the Council's determination and shall provide all relevant documentation relating to the determination.

#### **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

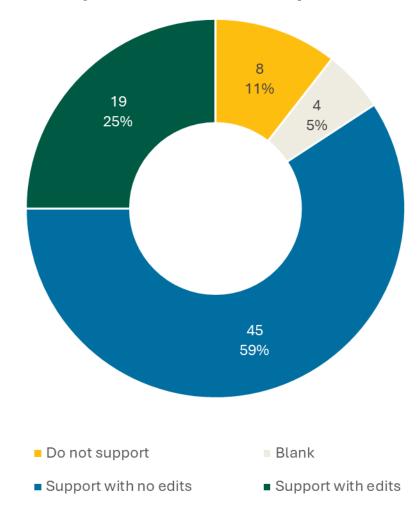


Figure 13. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 13. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 13 relates to the processes for the identification, consideration, and notification of issues and concerns related to public welfare. 59% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft rule language with no edits.

- Scope and role of the State Engineer in decision making
- Processes for resolution of disagreements between councils and State Engineer
- Recognition of Land Grants and Acequias

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Section 13.A.3: ISC may want to clarify that these councils are subject to the Open Meeting Act and this provides
	minimum period for reasonable notice and participation.
	Section 13.A.4: Without a requirement for unanimous consensus, do councils set the voting threshold for identifying the public welfare issues and concerns? Or is it implicitly by simple majority? Given the potential impacts to water rights, NMDA urges a high threshold.
Specific	A process to examine and accept or overturn a state engineers decision(s) should exist within the commission level as required.
	If a state engineer wishes to approve or disapprove a permitting request against the wishes of a council and the two entities can't resolve it amongst themselves, then a commission "overturn or acceptance" process should be allowed.
	Why have a local council if one person or office can over-ride all council/stake holder wishes???
Specific	What are the checks on the state engineers powers? It seems unjust and inadequate that the state engineer does not have to be bound by a Councils finding on public welfare violations. There needs to be checks and balances on the state engineer - or else they can abuse power and fail to meaingfuly respond to public welfare concerns.
Specific	Section x.xx.xx.14.A Procedure for a Regional Water Planning Council to Consider Public Welfare Values and the Needs of Future Generations of New Mexican's references Section 12 as outlining procedures for determining public welfare values but there is no language in Section 12, as currently written, that references public welfare values.
	Section x.xx.xx.14.B Procedure for a Regional Water Planning Council to Consider Public Welfare Values and the Needs of Future Generations of New Mexican's defines public welfare values that must be considered by the planning council and all of three values listed are specific to determinations by the NMISC and NMOSE. It is assumed that this information will be provided as part of the State Agency Collaboration outlined in the draft guidelines but it should be clearly stated in the rule.
Specific	I don't understand the intent of A(5). Shouldn't we want the issues identified to be consistent with water rights evaluation factors? Avoiding duplication between issues identified and water rights evaluation factors seems

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	weird. Suggest changing "shall not be duplicative of the water rights evaluation factors" to "shall not be
	inconsistent with the water rights evaluation factors".
Specific	Policy Council should have some teeth - "If it is in conflict with a water right or a law" then non-binding.
Specific	B (1) do you mean "the public or the welfare of the state?" Or did mean the welfare of the public of the state?
General	I think at this stage we need a 'controlling body' which dictates to the users what they may have. Everyone can
	make demands and arguments based on their heritage, needs, tradition etc but at the rate of demand growth
	for water SOMEONE 'IS GOING TO HAVE TO DICTATE ALLOWANCES. Without a reduction in house development
	, industry all these arguments are mute. The expansion of cities like those around Alburqueque and the south
	side of Santa Fe are going to take the lions share of the available water. Controlling the cities growth will
	eliminate a lot of the water issues
General	Need to protect existing water rights
General	"(2) The state engineer shall not be bound by any determination of a Council." What is the point of the council if
	their determinations are not binding? This would allow the state engineer to dismiss concerns of councils
	upstream to cow-tow to industry concerns downstream. We need to have enough power in the councils to
	protect their water.
General	how are drought emergencies managed?
General	How do local public welfare concerns are to interplay with state engineer prerogatives such as "contrary to
	water conservation of water within the state"
General	Seems like it gives the State Engineer too much powerjust one person. Historically, the SE was often under
	the influence of the Santa Fe Ring. Perhaps having a consultation with the Interstate Stream Commission would
	be valuable.
	How does the whole process work within the existing 13 Adjudications?
General	Any planning is a good idea, but Priority Date and Senior water right must be respected
General	Since RWPs have to be approved by the ISC, why not bind the SE to the Council's public welfare statement?
	(1) The state engineer, in its permitting decisions, [may] SHALL consider issues of public welfare of a water
	planning region identified by a Council [if the state engineer determines that such regional issues are related to
	or may impact the public of the welfare of the state.
	(2) The state engineer shall not be bound by any determination of a Council. ]

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	Delete all material between [].  Again, a significant burden is being placed on an all-volunteer council to gather, investigate and present issues or concerns raised. How to pay for staff, professional expertise, carrying out the process of presenting the issues to the Commission and State Engineer?
Other	Please see attached document for redline edits.
Other	please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: The section appears to conflate "issues and concerns" with the needed
	statement of "public welfare of the region.". Issues and concerns are problems or obstacles that might come up
	during the planning process and should be reported to the commission. They deserve their own paragraph.
	Our recommended edits for Issues and Concerns are in x.xx.xx.13 of our markup file.
	On the other hand, the statement of "public welfare of the region" deserves its own paragraph. The
	statement of public welfare of the region, containing the region's goals and values, should serve as one of the
	criteria for the Region's vetting ultimate proposed programs of actions in the regional water security plan. Our
	recommended edits for Public Welfare are in x.xx.xx.14 of our markup file.
	Also, we recommend deleting subsection B. These ISC rules should not guide or constrain the OSE.
General	A.(4) The following is not fair: a Council is not required to reach unanimous consensus, but the Council shall
	include a clear description of the positions of any opponents when it transmits its determination to the
	Commission. Comment: How can a Council prepare and send it determination if a unanimous consensus or at
	least a majority of consensus isn't provided?
	A.(5). What exactly does the paragraph mean?
General	Stakeholders likely will be driven by self-interest and not be concerned with the rights of neighboring properties
	or the welfare of the public a whole. This will result in endless debate that has will needlessly bog down any
	process
General	The current approach fails to recognize land grants and acequias as political subdivisions of the state, as
	established under New Mexico law. This oversight disregards their legal status and undermines their authority

## **Rule Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	in managing land and water resources. It is imperative to acknowledge and respect the rights and governance
	structures of these entities to ensure equitable representation and resource management.
Other	Too much Government.

## Rule Section 14: Procedure for a Regional Water Planning Council to Consider Public Welfare Values and the Needs of Future Generations of New Mexicans

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

PROCEDURE FOR A REGIONAL WATER PLANNING COUNCIL TO CONSIDER PUBLIC WELFARE VALUES AND THE NEEDS OF FUTURE GENERATIONS OF NEW MEXICANS

A. Regional Water Planning Council may consider public welfare values of the water planning region after such values have been determined pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 12 of this rule.

B. Regional Water Planning Council shall consider the following public welfare values of the state in their regional water planning activities:

- (1) The state's ability to meet its obligations under interstate compacts;
- (2) The state's ability to comply with the Endangered Species Act, or otherwise prevent significant harm to the habitats of endangered or threatened species; and
- (3) Regional water rights settlements, including tribal water rights settlements and alternative administration plans under the Active Water Resources Management program.
- C. Procedure for a Regional Water Planning Council to consider the needs of future generations of New Mexicans:
  - (1) The Regional Water Planning Council shall use the best science, data and models related to water resource planning and shall use them with scientific integrity and adherence to principles of honesty, objectivity, transparency and professionalism, as specified in NMSA 1978, Section 72-14A-4(C)(7);
  - (2) Regional Water Planning Council shall utilize such data and models to consider the needs of future generations of New Mexicans in their regional planning activities.

### **Summary of Questionnaire Responses**

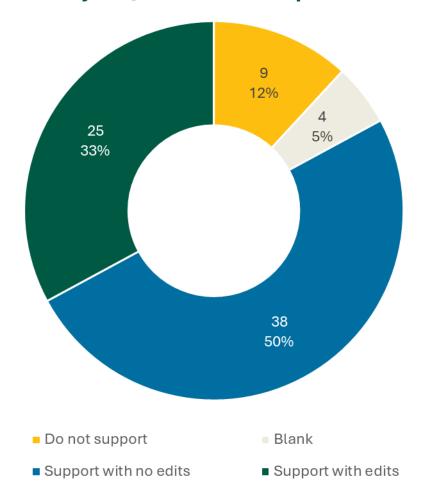


Figure 14. Summary of questionnaire responses for Rule Section 14. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Rule Section 14 relates to the procedures for consideration of public welfare issues and future generations of New Mexicans. 50% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft rule language with no edits.

- Need for technical support
- Recognition of Land Grants and Acequias
- Water quality protection
- Definition of public welfare

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Under C, "using the best science, data and models" will require technical support. Will ISC be providing that support?
Specific	Section 14.B: Given OSE/ISC's statutory roles, NMDA is assuming that regional water planning and priority PPPs are only (or primarily) intended to address water quantity, not quantity. Otherwise, it might be worth mentioning compliance with Clean Water Act.
Specific	C (1) "data and, where applicable models"
Specific	(3) Regional water rights settlements, including tribal water rights settlements, acequia rights settlements, and alternative administration plans under the Active Water Resources Management program.
Specific	In Section C, climate modeling should be explicitly referenced (unless it is included elsewhere in regards to "water resource planning").
Specific	Section x.xx.xx.14.A Procedure for a Regional Water Planning Council to Consider Public Welfare Values and the Needs of Future Generations of New Mexican's references Section 12 as outlining procedures for determining public welfare values but there is no language in Section 12, as currently written, that references public welfare values.  Section x.xx.xx.14.B Procedure for a Regional Water Planning Council to Consider Public Welfare Values and the Needs of Future Generations of New Mexican's defines public welfare values that must be considered by the planning council and all of three values listed are specific to determinations by the NMISC and NMOSE. It is assumed that this information will be provided as part of the State Agency Collaboration outlined in the draft guidelines but it should be clearly stated in the rule.
Specific	According to the drafts I have, the public welfare values are determined in Section 13, not Section 12.
Specific	Add to Sec. B
	(4) The water security of rural and agricultural communities including tribal, Pueblo,
	acequia, land grant-mercedes, colonias, and other rural communities; and
	(5) The health of watersheds, ecosystems, and hydrological systems that support the viability of both urban and rural communities.
Specific	Suggested language: Recognizes the right of future generations to clean and ample water.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Add to Section B: (4) The state's ability to plan for climate change and the other threats to our water supplies,
	and take action to secure water resources for the communities, economies, and the ecosystems they support.
	Particular areas of concern are:
	·Water supply, including both surface storage and groundwater aquifers;
	·Generation of hydroelectric power and other forms of energy;
	·River flows to maintain ecosystems and water quality;
	·Recreational use of lakes and rivers; and
	·Protection from extreme events, including floods, wildfire, and persistent drought.
	(Adapted from the federal SECURE Water Act of 2010.)
Specific	Section B-2 ESA- Human needs are of course higher than that of an animal or its habitat. Water use should
	always regard human uses and agriculture food production higher than supporting an animal or its habitat that
	is not used for human consumption.
Specific	With respect to the public welfare procedures, please see my comments on the previous page.
	With respect to C, how does the data fit with the activities of the Councils? How are the Councils to use the
	models? There should be a template included in these rules so that the regions don't have 9 different solutions.
General	Re: C - How will future generations of New Mexicans be modeled? Does future generations consider
	immigration from other states and out migration from our state?
General	Recognition and respect for historical Acequia rights. Not just Tribal rights. These have been a factor in
	hydrological surveys throughout the State. Taking their water is taking everyones water! Please protect the
	States groundwaters and recharge zones!
General	Be sure to protect existing rights
General	Regional Water Planning Council shall consider the following public welfare values of the state in their regional
	water planning activities:
	water quality
General	The Bosque del Apache, for one example, is a top birding site not only in North America but the world. It is
	important to note that future generations of New Mexicans should include a much larger view inclusive of
	animals and birds and insects. My land adjacent to the Rio Grande is teeming with life-giving life. My neighbors

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	are still intent on killing it. I agree with Deb Harland that the Rio Grande should be a wildlife corridor. Please
	stop obsessing with your own children and nothing else.
General	where's the priorities? For instance, if rationing is needed.
General	How does the whole process work within the existing 13 Adjudications?
General	A very complex process which requires lots of professional expertise. How will this be accomplished by a volunteer council?
Other	Please see attached document for redline edits.
Other	Please see attached letter
Other	As explained before

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: Also see our x.xx.xx.13 comment. Our recommended edits for PUBLIC WELFARE
	are in x.xx.xx.14 of our markup file. In the discussion draft text:
	The subsection A reference to approval criteria in x.xx.xx.12 doesn't make sense.
	Subsection B omits other statewide objectives such as aquifer protection and economic viability
	Subsection B.(3) alternative administration is a product of planning, not a statewide objective
	Subsection C.(1) "integrity" should be much broader than "consideration of future generations"
	NMWA SEES A KEY OMISSION: Requirements for an effective planning process with ISC actions and regional
	council actions are both absent. Our recommended additions are in x.xx.xx.15 and x.xx.xx.16 of our markup
	file. They also serve to delineate responsibilities between ISC and the Regional Planning Councils. These
	requirements are enforced through x.xx.xx.12.
General	C.(1). Will the Regional Water Planning Council be ok with outside experts having access and analyzing the data
	and models to make sure honesty, objectivity, transparency and professionalism is held?
General	The concept of Public Welfare shown here is way too narrow.
	It seems to benefit special interests.
	I do not think the ISC is ready to define Public Welfare. Doing so should be a separate activity. This should not be under the control of the OSE/ISC.

## **Rule Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	The current approach fails to recognize land grants and acequias as political subdivisions of the state, as
	established under New Mexico law. This oversight disregards their legal status and undermines their authority
	in managing land and water resources. It is imperative to acknowledge and respect the rights and governance
	structures of these entities to ensure equitable representation and resource management.
Other	Again, to much Government.

## **Guidelines Results Summary**

Across all eight of the discussion draft guidelines, 63% of responses were "Support with no edits" as shown in Figure 15, indicating majority support for rule language. 14% of responses were "Support with edits" and 11% were "Do not support".

A summary of questionnaire responses by guidelines, showing how responses varied by rule section, is provided in Figure 16 on the next page. The highest level of support with no edits was for Guideline 2 (Identification of Regional Stakeholders and Opportunities for Stakeholder Collaboration) at 70% and the lowest level of support with no edits was for Guideline 8 (Schedule for Implementation of Regional Water Planning, Including Integration with Statewide Objectives) at 54%.

This section of the report then provides a summary of responses and categorized open-ended comments provided for each guideline.

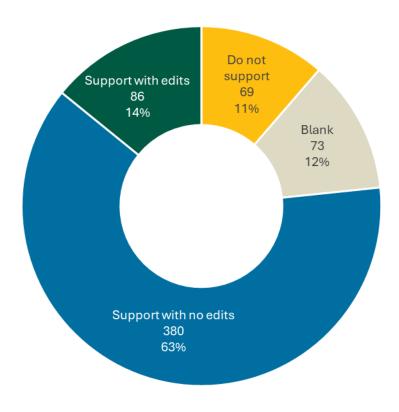


Figure 15. Summary of responses across all eight discussion draft guidelines. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

#### **Guidelines Results Summary**

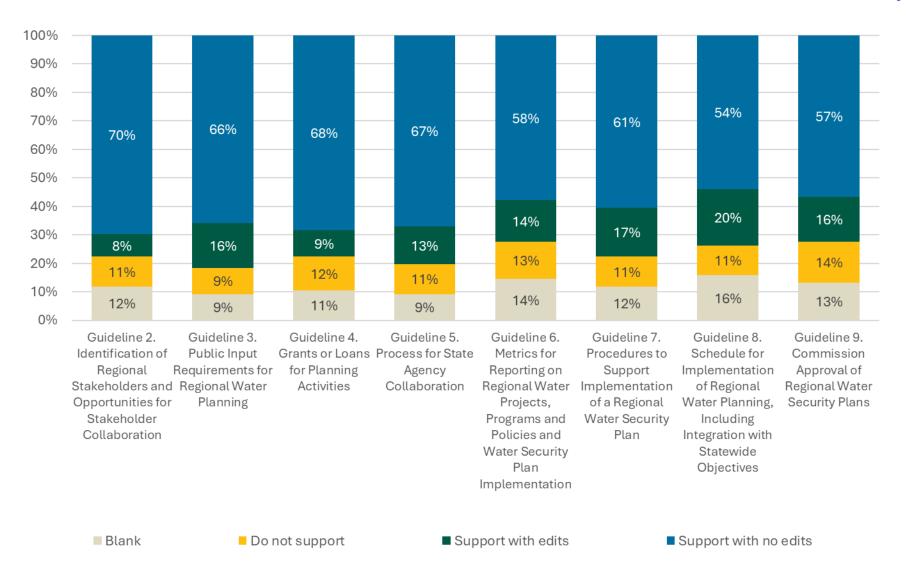


Figure 16. Summary of questionnaire responses by guideline. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

## Guideline 2: Identification of Regional Stakeholders and Opportunities for Stakeholder Collaboration

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

- 2.0 IDENTIFICATION OF REGIONAL STAKEHOLDERS AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR STAKEHOLDER COLLABORATION
- 2.1 Stakeholders shall be consulted in the development of any RWSP. Stakeholders shall have a voice in the planning process but do not have final say in the decisions regarding water planning in a region.
- 2.2 Planning Councils must establish a method for Stakeholders to enter into and engage in the planning process. At a minimum, the identification of Stakeholders shall include:
  - a. documentation that the Stakeholder lives within the region or has provided a statement of interest.
  - b. a point of contact for the Planning Council.
- 2.3 Planning Councils shall conduct adequate notice and maintain a distribution list for Stakeholders. Stakeholders may elect to receive information by email, USPS First Class mail, or other methods approved by the Planning Council. Members of the Stakeholder list should be notified of the following opportunities:
  - a. to support/endorse council members.
  - b. to provide comments on proposed plan language.
  - c. to provide notice of dissent to the NMISC at the time of plan submission for consideration.
  - d. notice of Planning Council meetings and in-person or remote attendance options.
- 2.4 Additional opportunities can be developed at the discretion of the Planning Council.

#### **Summary of Guideline Questionnaire Responses**

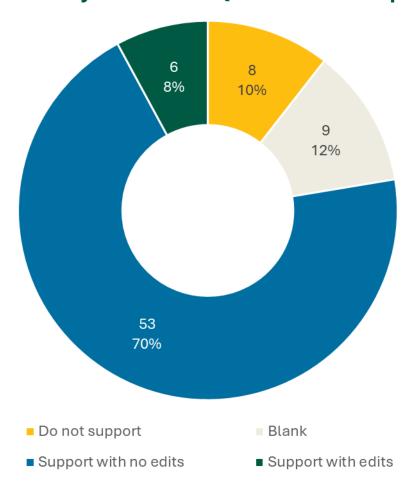


Figure 17. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 2. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 2 relates to the identification and notification of stakeholders consulted in the development of a regional water security plan. This guideline had the highest level of support for the discussion draft language without edits at 70%.

- Role of experts vs. volunteer council
- Procedures for defining council membership
- Amount of volunteer council responsibilities

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	d. notice of Planning Council meetings and in-person and remote attendance options.
General	This is not good!: "Stakeholders shall have a voice in the planning process but do not have final say in the decisions regarding water planning in a region. " You'll pretend to listen but you are not really listening. Makes it look participatory and democratic bit it's not.
General	Section 2.3 indicates that there will be a method for deciding council members, stating that stakeholders must be provided an opportunity to support/endorse council members. Neither the draft rule or guidelines define how membership will be determined and approved by the commission It is also not clear why the council would be responsible for informing stakeholders of council member changes when that is wholly the responsibility of the commission.
General	Complex structure and significant recordkeeping obligations, with no obligation of state funding or support.  How will this be carried out by a volunteer council?
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	At this stage in history ,we need experts to TELL us what we can have ,not a bunch of groups arguing why their needs are
•	superior to others. TELL the city councils you have x amount and no more. The same for every user.
Specific	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT
	Guidelines should provide "how-to" recommendations for interpreting the Rules. Rules are the place for presenting requirements.
	The Rules should specify a process for planning and developing plans, within which Guidelines provide recommendations on how the rules might be implemented.
	The logical content of many of the Guidelines in the discussion draft should migrate into in the Rules. Until we see how that migration plays out, further comment on the Guidelines would not be productive.
	We believe we have accomplished most, if not all of that migration in our markup of the discussion draft.

## **Guidelines Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	The current approach fails to recognize land grants and acequias as political subdivisions of the state, as established under New Mexico law. This oversight disregards their legal status and undermines their authority in managing land and water resources. It is imperative to acknowledge and respect the rights and governance structures of these entities to ensure equitable representation and resource management.
Other	Everything the Goverment is involved in is a Disaster.

## **Guideline 3: Public Input Requirements for Regional Water Planning**

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

- 3.0 PUBLIC INPUT REQUIREMENTS FOR REGIONAL WATER PLANNING
- 3.1 RWSPs must include ample opportunities for the public to be involved in the development of the plan and the development of the prioritization of PPPs. During the development of any regional water security plan, the Planning Council must, at a minimum:
  - a. Inform Stakeholder list and distribute information regionally about the development of the plan, including opportunities for input, at regular intervals.
  - b. Host two public meetings, with support for both in-person and virtual opportunities for participation.
  - c. Provide a minimum of sixty days for the public to comment in person, via email, or through a web site on a draft water security plan.
  - d. Provide an opportunity for public comments to be reviewed ahead of finalization of a water security plan.
- 3.2 Additional opportunities for input may include, but are not limited to:
  - a. Providing materials in languages in common use within the region (e.g., sign, Spanish, Tewa, Navajo).
  - b. Hosting additional meetings, focus groups, listening sessions, open house events, etc.
- 3.3 WSPA emphasizes engaging rural communities, therefore the Planning Council may consider a range of participation options that eliminate barriers such as access to a stable internet connection or lengthy travel. This could include, for example:
  - a. providing engagement resources (e.g., presentations, paper surveys) to local community partners with existing connections in rural areas.
  - b. multiple in-person opportunities distributed throughout larger regions.
  - c. meeting spaces or computer access for remote participation.

#### **Guidelines Results Summary**

- 3.4 Planning Councils may create working groups to increase opportunities for participation or to address water security planning topics of concern that are particular to a geographic sub-region, Stakeholders, or other sector. Regardless of the number of working groups within a Planning Region, a prioritized list of projects, programs and policies ("PPPs") must be consolidated into a single list for the Regional Water Security Plan.
- 3.5 Planning Regions or sub-regions are encouraged to coordinate and share information or resources with other Planning Regions or sub-regions.

### **Summary of Guideline Questionnaire Responses**

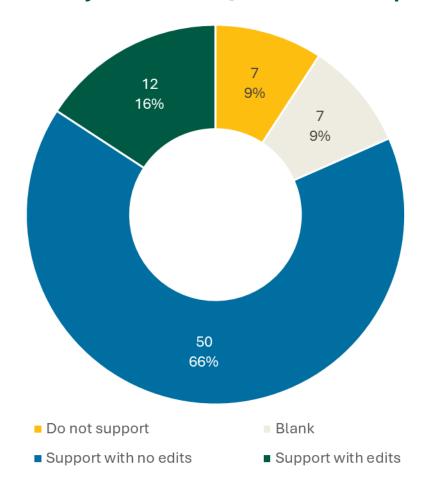


Figure 18. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 3. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 3 relates to the requirements and methods of public engagement in regional water security planning. 66% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Meeting notice period and format
- Planning timeline and public participation frequency
- Amount of volunteer council responsibilities

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Meetings should be advertised in a newspaper
Specific	Section 3.1.b: What is the timeframe in which these plans will be developed and the two required public meetings will take place? There should be at least annual opportunities for public participation. NMDA is concerned that there could be only two public opportunities over the initial six-year development phase and each ten-year subsequent phase. Also, you may want to clarify that the public will also automatically be able to attend and provide comment in the regular regional council meeting per the NM Open Meeting Act (assuming this is the case).
	Section 3.1.d: NMDA suggests adding a protocol for formal responses to public comments, including specification of what constitutes substantive comments. This will provide transparency that they were reviewed and diligently considered.
Specific	Certainly support 3.2; however, a caveat should be added that if nontraditional methods are required they should be requested If nontraditional methods are requested the Commission should provide the resources to fulfill these request.
Specific	define PPP's up front (Section 3.1) not in Section 3.4
Specific	Should read: At least two public meetings per Planning Council. More public meetings should be scheduled as needed.
Specific	<ul> <li>a. providing engagement resources (e.g., presentations, paper surveys) to local community partners with existing connections in rural areas.</li> <li>b. multiple in-person opportunities distributed throughout larger regions.</li> <li>c. meeting spaces or computer access for remote participation.</li> <li>d. remote participation available for ALL meetings.</li> </ul>
Specific	For a two-year planning process, there should be more than two opportunities for public comment. Suggest that 3.1 b. "Host two public meetings, with support for both in-person and virtual opportunities for participation." should be changed to "Host four public meetings, with support for both in-person and virtual opportunities for participation."

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Given the size of some districts, there is likely to be a wide variation of PPPs. It might be more useful to support
	the development of PPPs to address the issues of sub-basins.
General	One of the updated plans that was put forth, was not agreeable to the Lower Rio Grande Water Users
	Organization but the approvers ignored and it was just approved without support. Need to make sure this
	doesn't happen again. Many in the area felt the state rammed it down everyone's throat. It would be better to
	get agreement. May be a Trust issue now that needs to be fixed.
General	Guidelines, and rule, need to define "adequate notice" or at least provide a minimum period of time that would
	be considered as having met this requirement. Without this clarification, there will be significant variability
	across planning regions and therefore inequity in engagement of public.
General	THis sounds like a full-blown administrative hearing structure, requiring professional expertise and many hours
	of time. How can this be carried out by a volunteer council?
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines.
	As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or
	approved Rules.
General	Limiting the consultation process to only two meetings is a significant affront to all water rights owners and the
	broader public who depend on water for farming and agriculture in their communities. This minimal
	engagement fails to provide adequate opportunities for meaningful input and disregards the essential role
	these stakeholders play in water resource management.
Other	Keep Government out.

## **Guideline 4: Grants or Loans for Planning Activities**

## **Discussion Draft Language**

4.0 GRANTS OR LOANS FOR PLANNING ACTIVITIES

4.1 Subject to appropriations from the legislature, the Commission will develop a Regional Planning Grant Program with proposal requirements for grants or loans for Planning Activities and an approval process.

#### **Summary of Guideline Questionnaire Responses**

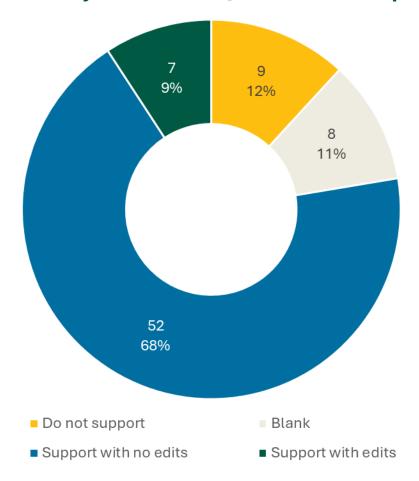


Figure 19. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 4. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 4 relates to proposal requirements for grants or loans for planning activities. 68% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Loan repayment processes
- Region size and capacity
- Role of volunteer councils in grant applications
- Funding mechanisms

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	The regions are too big. So smaller rural communities will be competing with larger communities.
General	Consider developing the grant program such that the legislature has something to appropriate funds to, rather than the other way around
General	It is unclear if the planning council will facilitate applications to the grant program or if that will be the responsibility of a project sponsor. It is also unclear how appropriations will be requested for this program and for the PPP lists across the different planning regions.
General	We think this is a great idea to encourage engagement and to create meaningful change at the local level.
General	"Or loans". Seems like such language is sure to scare off some Councils from even getting started.  Frankly, there needs to be a steady stream of annual funding for all of the regions to be able to plan. Since it is not in any one entity's missionand may actually conflict with some local governments are not likely to provide funding.
General	Is it anticipated that the volunteer members of the council will prepare and apply for these grants? Grant applications are complex, time consuming and not something that a group not experienced in the preparations of such applications is likely to have much sucess with. Also, the monitoring and reporting on any grants recieved is complex and time consuming. Rural areas will be at a terrible disadvantage to regions with large urban populations and more expertise with grant writing and administration.
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Grants alone are not sufficient to fund the major investments needed for our water supply. Other funding
	mechanisms like fees or taxes or annual appropriations from the legislature need to be authorized.
Specific	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines.
	As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or
	approved Rules.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	A grant program that requires proposals, presumably under a competitive process, could favor planning regions with readily available technical resources, notably the Middle Rio Grande, Upper Rio Grande, and Lower Rio Grande, where NM's population and financial and technical resources are concentrated. Consider instead allocating Commission funds directly to each region commensurate with their need for such resources. Distribution of the funds would be contingent on agreement by councils to (a) develop a foundation of baseline scientific and technical information that meets Commission-established criteria for scientific rigor and (b) coordinate the development of this hydrologic/economic/ecological baseline with state agencies and higher education institutions (notably NM Tech and the Bureau of Geology). I am concerned that planning councils would develop information resources for example, assessments of current and future supply and demand that are widely variable in quality.
General	What is the basis for a planning council to repay a loan? Are planning councils going to have taxing authority?  This is a can of worms.
General	Providing loans to acequias under the guise of assistance may, in reality, undermine their traditional self-governance and autonomy. Historically, acequias have functioned as local democratic institutions, managing water resources collectively for centuries. However, their designation as "political subdivisions of the state" has, at times, restricted their autonomy, imposing uniform standards that may conflict with local customs and practices.
	Introducing financial dependencies through loans can further erode the acequias' ability to operate independently, potentially subjecting them to external control and bureaucratic oversight. This shift not only threatens the preservation of cultural heritage but also jeopardizes the effective, community-based management of vital water resources.
	It is crucial to recognize and respect the traditional governance structures of acequias, ensuring that any support provided enhances rather than diminishes their autonomy.
Other	Already Government wanting more of your money. Stop NO

## **Guideline 5: Process for State Agency Collaboration**

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

#### 5.0 PROCESS FOR STATE AGENCY COLLABORATION

#### 5.1 State agencies can:

- a. provide comments on draft RWSPs to the NMISC and the Planning Council developing the RWSP, including:
  - i. highlighting permit requirements should a given project be funded.
  - ii. highlighting areas of conflict between proposed projects and state of NM goals.
  - iii. estimating time commitment for State Agency staffing.
  - iv. identifying opportunities for leveraging or accessing funding and expertise.
  - v. Identifying any other issue the State Agency finds relevant to a region's proposed plan.
- b. Identifying a person or group to act as the liaison for their agency and provide NMISC with up-to-date contact information for the person or group.

#### 5.2 Regional Water Security Planning Councils will:

- a. consider all agency comments and input to ensure compliance with regulations.
- b. document all agency comments and their resolution in an Appendix in the region's water security plan.

#### 5.3 NMISC Planning Program will:

- a. serve as an informational resource for topics associated with planning, such as various state and federal funding sources, the best available scientific tools/models, or opportunities to connect projects that may have multiple benefits.
- b. act as a liaison between agencies and Councils.
- c. provide agency comments to the Councils.

- d. endeavor to maintain a list of agency partners for regional consultation.
- e. provide a forum for state agencies and planning entities to meet and collaborate.
  - i. at the request of an agency or Planning Council.
  - ii. at an annual coordination meeting.
  - iii. or as needed.

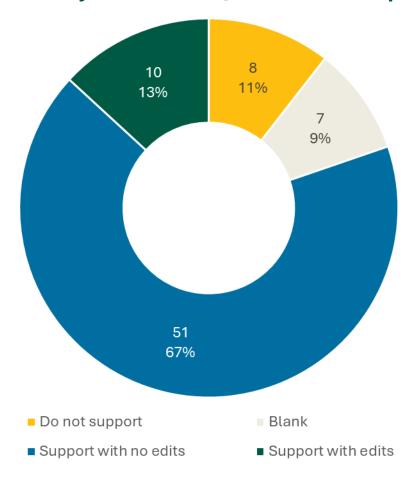


Figure 20. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 5. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 5 relates to the processes for collaboration between state agencies, regional water security planning councils and NMISC's planning program. 67% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Role of the state in decision making
- Adding timelines for state action
- Role of volunteers vs. state staff

### **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Section 5.1: It might be worth adding explicitly that state agencies can "participate in regional council meetings
	as non-voting ex oficio members." Active participation throughout the process would be more valuable than
	comments at the end.
Specific	5.2 Where regulations are not impinged upon, agency comments are suggestive and not mandatory.
	5.3 c. provide TIMELY agency comments to the councils.
Specific	5.1 State agencies MUST:
	Add timelines to all, ie within 30 days of request.
Specific	Recommend changing "State agencies can:" to "State agencies will:"
General	Again, i think you should have more authority and not swayed by groups or individuals. Water is a necessity not
	a democratic issue. Looking at the miserable snowfall this season, tell people what they use , not spend hours
	listening to whinging and whining about sentimental reasons they should have more than others
General	Who is responsible in an emergency?
General	5.2 Regional Water Security Planning Councils will:
	There should be more info here on what these councils will do. What is the goals of having these councils?
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines. As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or approved Rules.
General	It is crucial to recognize and respect the traditional governance structures of acequias, ensuring that any support provided enhances rather than diminishes their autonomy.
General	THe burden rests on the council to flesh out, develop professional plans, carry forward and monitor regional plans. More than a full time job for the ISC and OSE. How can this be done by a volunteer council?
Other	NO GOVERNMENT.

# Guideline 6: Metrics for Reporting on Regional Water Projects, Programs and Policies and Water Security Plan Implementation

### **Discussion Draft Language**

6.0 METRICS FOR REPORTING ON REGIONAL WATER PROJECTS, PROGRAMS AND POLICIES and WATER SECURITY PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

6.1 The Planning Program will develop a template for Planning Councils to use for their required reporting to the Commission by June 30 each year. The template will include metrics and measures for reporting on implementation of projects, programs, or policies.

6.2 Planning Councils shall utilize tools and support provided by groups including the Planning Program to evaluate and report on regional water balance. Water balance reporting shall:

- a. utilize the best available science with NMISC support, and
- b. not conflict with statewide objectives.

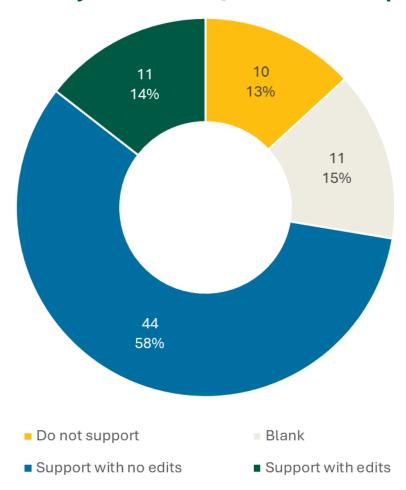


Figure 21. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 6. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 6 relates to the development of templates and tools to support tracking and reporting on metrics. 58% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Climate change resilience
- Clarity around definition of water balance
- Conflict resolution
- Technology needs
- Role of the councils

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	The template should include language that addresses climate change and the pending impacts, vulnerabilities
	and how PPPs will increase the resilience to climate change
Specific	I support this section as long as part of the 6.2-bstatewide objectives is to preserve and protect ground water
	recharge zonesieNorthern Mountain regions and the historical uses of irrigation that provides for said
	recharge.
Specific	6.2 a utilize the most current available data with NMISC support
Specific	Water balance including surface and groundwater? You will need agreement with all the water users on what
	they are using and or returning.
Specific	A software system is needed. There are commercially available perhaps even open source software that can be
	utilized. We need consistency to some extent
Specific	statewide objectives should take regional issues and annual precipitation amounts into consideration
Specific	Section 6.2 lacks clarity and detail. Consider this guidance: "Analyses to supportinvestments in water
	resources should utilize the best available science, data, analytical techniques, procedures, models, and tools in
	hydrology, engineering, economics, biology, ecology, risk and uncertainty, and other fields to the extent that
	sufficient funding is available. To the extent feasible, it is appropriate to quantify the effects of water resources
	projects. The level of detail required to supportinvestments in water resources may vary, but should not be
	greater than needed to inform the decision making process efficiently and effectively. The level of detail, scope,
	and complexity of analyses should be commensurate with the scale, impacts, costs, scientific complexities,
	uncertainties, risks, and other sensitivities (e.g., public concerns) involved in
	potential decisions." (See
	https://obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/sites/default/files/final_principles_and_requirements_march_2013.pdf.)
Specific	The template is the core of the planning process and should be included in these Guidelines. Instead, it was
	punted to a different process.
	The ISC's Planning Program developed the last Template. Read the comments about the process and see the
	lack of implementation of the plans to know that that did not work.
	This section needs to add the Template as a minimum. (Again, see my submitted comments.)

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	What is regional water balance?
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Item 6.2 is necessary but insufficient. More details are needed on what water balance reporting data shall be
	included in evaluations and reports, which need to be comprehensive.
	Also, what is meant by "reporting shall: not conflict with statewide objectives"? Is the intent to censor data
	and reports that don't agree with objectives? Surely not, but that is how it reads to me.
General	If human objectives conflict with science, then some rational must be used to determine the anticipated
	outcome of the conflict and inform the effects to humans, the environment, or otherwise.
General	There is not one shoe that will fit everything in new mexico. The regions are too big
General	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines.
	As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or
	approved Rules.
General	while standardized reporting aims to ensure consistency and alignment with state objectives, it may
	inadvertently impose burdens on Planning Councils, particularly those with limited resources, and could lead to
	inefficiencies and less effective water management strategies.
General	Again, huge responsibility for a volunteer council. Who is going to be able to seek out and evaluate "best
	available science" and "statewide objectives" ; how is the time and cost necessary to do such an analysis going
	to be supported by the volunteer councils?
Other	STOP, NO MORE GOVERNMENT.

# Guideline 7: Procedures to Support Implementation of a Regional Water Security Plan

### **Discussion Draft Language**

- 7.0 PROCEDURES TO SUPPORT IMPLEMENTATION OF A REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLAN
- 7.1 Responsibilities of Planning Councils:
  - a. With the support of NMISC:
    - i. Develop a water security plan with the support of the NMISC planning team per the schedule in section 8.
    - ii. Update a Regional Water Security Plan at least every 10 years.
    - iii. Update the prioritized PPP lists at least once every 5 years.
  - b. The PPP's identified sponsor is responsible for implementing PPPs from the prioritized lists.
- 7.2 Responsibilities of the Planning Program:
  - a. Subject to appropriation of funding by the legislature, administer the RPGP.
  - b. support Planning Councils in developing an initial RWSP per the timeline and process in section 9.
  - c. Help connect Planning Councils to other resources by:
    - i. serving as a liaison between Planning Councils and potentially other partner state and/or federal agencies.
    - ii. identifying knowledgeable local resources.
    - iii. informing Planning Councils about other funding opportunities.
    - iv. supporting development and utilization of up-to-date science/data/models.
  - d. informing Planning Councils about statewide objectives.
  - e. providing support identified elsewhere within these Guidelines.

### **Guidelines Results Summary**

- f. Planning Program or NMISC responsibilities do not include:
  - i. acting as a fiscal agent,
  - ii. Managing any grant or loan, or
  - iii. project management.

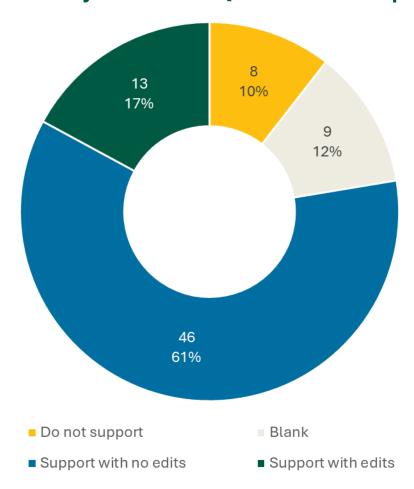


Figure 22. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 7. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 7 relates to the role of planning councils and the NMISC Planning Program in developing regional water security plans. 61% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Frequency of plan updates
- Funding source reliability
- Clarity in definitions
- Process clarification
- Roles and responsibilities

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Do you want to say "providing funding when available to support the development of RWSP"
Specific	7.ii. Update a Regional Water Security Plan at least every FIVE years. This timeframe is necessary for federal
	administration change timelines - which could greatly impact federal funding availability at the state level.
Specific	Section 7.1.a.i: Can these regional entities self-organize? It is a little unclear if they can take the reins or if ISC is needed to facilitate the process on a set timeline.
	Section 7.1.a.ii: To be really effective, the Plan should be updated at least once every five years. Ten years is too long to make changes that may be needed.
	Section 7.1.a.iii: To be really effective, there should be an annual review for operation and effect, such that progress and priorities can be monitored and changes made as necessary.
	Section 7.2: Should "section 9" be "section 8"?
Specific	7.2 c. iv. needs to be beefed up to provide data on past, current, and future water availability, usage, and balance to help Councils establish a basis for future plans and investments.
Specific	I think PPP might have been defined elsewhere but it does not hurt to spell it out in this statement then use the abbreviation.
General	Trying to determine what is the difference between regional water security planning council and the region water plans themselves?
General	short term emergencies?
General	7.1 Responsibilities of Planning Councils:
	a. With the support of NMISC:
	i. Develop a water security plan with the support of the NMISC planning team per the schedule in section 8.
	What should be in the water security plan? This is too ambiguous.

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	The guidelines lack description of how the planning councils will identify and prioritize projects to be included in the Regional Waster Security Planning Council.
	It is not clear in the guidelines how the regional water security plan and PPP lists will account for (or at least consider) existing water plans within a given planning region.
General	Define the level of support from the NMISC within the water security plan development
General	How does the whole process work within the existing 13 Adjudications?
General	Members of the Council don't have the ability to implement the plan. Nowhere is there any responsibility for implementation of the plan. While specific PPPs may be within the mission of a specific entity, how does the regional water balance get attained/maintained?
	However, if it is accepted by the ISC, why couldn't the Council act when the balance is at risk? Could a member protest a water transfer or a new use?
	Another concern is that the ISC's responsibilities do not include "iii. project management." When Ms. Follingstad was the ISC water planner, she not only reviewed and critiqued all of the plans, but she kept after the regions, much like a project manager. I would suggest that the ISC keep that role.
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	Funding for these planning councils is subject to legislative appropriations. What happens when the legislature
	does not choose to fund the councils?
General	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines.
	As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or
	approved Rules.
General	This structure appears negative in several ways:
	1. Lack of Direct
	2. Funding Uncertainty
	3. Top-Down Control Without Local Autonomy

## **Guidelines Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	4. No Guarantee of Implementation
	5. Bureaucratic Complexity
	Overall, this approach places significant responsibility on Planning Councils while limiting their autonomy and resources, making it difficult to achieve meaningful water security solutions.
General	With the proposed obligations, responsibilities, financial committments and time committments set out in the
	Draft, it is going to be almost impossible to get people to volunteer for the councils in rural areas.
Other	No Government.

# Guideline 8: Schedule for Implementation of Regional Water Planning, Including Integration with Statewide Objectives

#### **Discussion Draft Language**

- 8.0 SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF REGIONAL WATER PLANNING, INCLUDING INTEGRATION WITH STATEWIDE OBJECTIVES
- 8.1 Initial plan development phase. The goal of the initial drafting phase is to develop water security plans for each region in the state. This phase will last for six years, and the Planning Regions will be addressed three-at-a-time with a two-year time period for each. NMISC will ensure that initial plans for all regions are completed before a subsequent planning cycle is initiated for any region.
- 8.2 Subsequent phases. After the initial drafting phase, NMISC will support each Planning Council during the updating each regional water security plan. NMISC will undertake no more than 3 plan updates at time, for two years at a time.
- 8.3 Integrating with statewide objectives. Statewide objectives will need to be reviewed and adhered to.

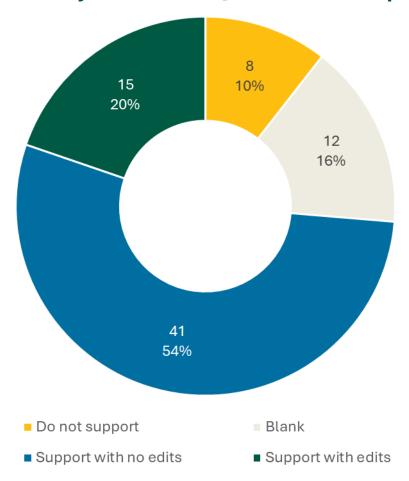


Figure 23. Summary of questionnaire responses for Guideline 8. Results reflect questionnaire responses received and are not statistically significant.

Guideline 8 relates to schedule and phasing for developing regional water security plans. 54% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Rationale and process for staggering regional plan development
- Timeline for plan development
- Urgency of need
- Schedule changes associated with changes to region number and boundaries

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	Section 8.1: Is there any reason why each council can't move forward on their own and draft their plans? This could greatly shorten the timeframe to get all plans drafted. Per this schedule, will regions be prioritized? If so, what is the priority based on?
	We acknowledge the capacity limitations for a planning program staff of two. However, per discussion draft rule Section 10.F, the ISC will attempt to staff each Council with an ISC liaison located in the planning region. It may be worth allowing entities to self-organize, if hands-on ISC facilitation is not required or can be appropriately handled by local ISC staff.
	Section 8.2: Again, it would be preferable to allow councils to update on a more efficient timeframe, if resources and local capacity exist.
Specific	Are there six Regions?
	I understand the need to stagger the review of plans but it is not clear how this system will work. Defining the sequence might clarify and might be useful to the extent that everything is interconnected.
Specific	8.3 needs clarification and detail. What statewide objectives? 50-year water plan? State water plan? Other documents? Consider guidance not only for regional water planning, but for FUNDING, IMPLEMENTATION, and MONITORING of regional water plans once they are completed and approved. The rules and guidelines do not provide much, if any information about when, how, and by whom the plans will be implemented, nor about the role of the planning councils in supporting and coordinating plan implementation, including (a) development and implementation of sustainable financing (i.e., public and/or private funds) plans for PPPs and other plan elements, (b) PPP implementation, and (c) monitoring, evaluation, and learning about PPP implementation and impacts. This is a critical gap in the rules and guidelines and thus presents a potential pitfall one that the previous regional water plans clearly fell into. See, for example, the 2024 LFC evaluation of state-funded water projects.
General	Critical areas must be addressed now.
	To satisfy the litigation, promises have been made that the LRG will reduce its consumptive use now by roughly

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	18 kafy will there metrics in the plan to be developed over the next 6 years to do so?
	Same with the MRG consumptive uses must be cut by 20 kafy now. We can't wait!
General	Is ISC facilitating/funding the work of the planning councils? If not, it isn't clear why they are done 3 at a time.
General	AgainStatewide objectives need to recognize the importance of the mountain recharge zones and actively
	protect the historic Acequias role in providing groundwater for the State.
General	Same comment at 7 - seems like this is extra work? or will this take the place of regional plans?
General	If the Estancia Basin was able to remain independent, would this schedule change?
General	The reason past plans didn't come to fruition was primarily because they took too long to develop and new
	administrations scrapped them. The drafting phase should be no more than a year to have any chance of
	completion.
	"8.2 Subsequent phases. After the initial drafting phase, NMISC will support each Planning Council during the
	updating of each regional water security plan. NMISC will undertake no more than 3 plan updates at time, for
	two years at a time." that is a glacial pace that will never be able to keep up with bad actors.
General	The EBWPC is lobbying to continue being a separate planning region from the rest of the Central Basin Council.
	Does the defined schedule change if there are 10 planning regions instead of the proposed 9? It seems the
	schedule is contingent on 9 planning regions.
General	again, how to manage emergencies?
General	If the final number of planning regions changes it seems like the schedule would also be impacted.
General	The district supports the EBWPC lobbying to continue being a separate planning region from the rest of the
	Central Basin Council. Does the defined schedule change if there are 10 planning regions instead of the
	proposed 9? It seems the schedule is contingent on 9 planning regions.
General	statewide objectives should be reviewed and revised to reflect regional issues and annual precipitation
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
General	1. There is no mention of defining the current status, issues, and problems before diving in and developing the
	plans.
	2. There is no mention of prioritization of Planning Regions. With nine regions, three regions won't be able to
	start work for at least four years; how will the first, second, and third sets of three regions be chosen? Again,
	some identification of initial status is needed.
General	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines.
	As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or
	approved Rules.
General	the schedule prioritizes process over urgency, limits local autonomy, and risks leaving some regions without
	updated or responsive plans for extended periods.
Other	No government, all will be geared towards the cities. NO STOP IT.

## **Guideline 9: Commission Approval of Regional Water Security Plans**

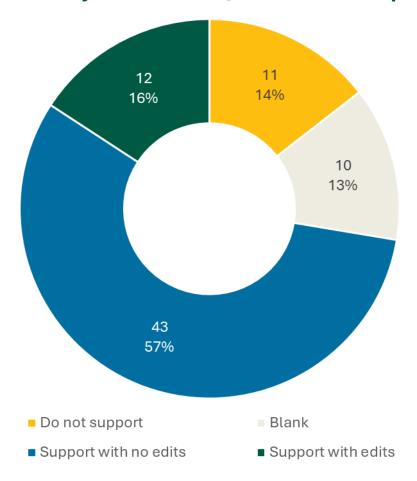
### **Discussion Draft Language**

9.0 COMMISSION APPROVAL OF REGIONAL WATER SECURITY PLANS

To be presented for Commission approval, RWSPs must contain the following elements, in addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the Rule:

- 9.1 Prioritized list of PPP requests from the region. This list includes multiple, sub-lists organized based on readiness with project types and sponsor noted for each individual PPP.
  - a. Each of these readiness-based sub lists is independently prioritized, ranking each PPP at an individual level relative to all other PPPs on that list (region-wide).
  - b. Project readiness includes 3 categories:
    - i. ready to implement/proceed (like shovel ready).
    - ii. needs planning (one step away from shovel ready).
    - iii. needs scoping (one step away from being planned).
  - c. Each proposed PPP must list the sponsor(s) that intends to obtain the funding for and implement the PPP.
  - d. PPP types include, but are not limited to:
    - i. watershed health
    - ii. drinking water
    - iii. storm water
    - iv. dam maintenance
    - v. water conservation resulting in reduction of total water use

- vi. education
- vii. efficiency
- viii. water reuse
- ix. aquifer storage and recovery
- x. aquifer recharge
- e. Additional information for each PPP that would strengthen its case for prioritization includes:
  - i. Documentation/Proof of existing funding match commitments for identified PPP's on the prioritized list if that exists.
  - ii. Other items that may strengthen the case for specific PPP.
- f. Planning councils may elect to repeat PPP list items in subsequent iterations of RWSP's.
- 9.2 A statement of public welfare values and the needs of future generations of New Mexicans.
- 9.3 Documentation of working groups within a Planning Region.
- 9.4 Any additional requirements for the composition of the Planning Council beyond those specified in the Rule.
- 9.5 Acknowledgement and discussion of regional water balance including reductions in projected water availability and decision-making practices adapted for increasing uncertainty.
- 9.6 Documentation of outreach conducted to encourage participation in regional planning. This could be a website, newsletter, presentations, or articles.



Guideline 9 relates to criteria and requirements for Commission approval of regional water security plans. 57% of respondents indicated that they support the discussion draft language with no edits.

- Agricultural and climate change resilience
- Regional capacity and funding
- Process for project identification and prioritization
- Specific project types

## **Support With Edits**

Categorization	Open Ended Response	
Specific	Under 9.1 e, add "iii. demonstrate how the PPP will improve the resilience to climate change"	
Specific	Section 9.1.b.i: Strike "like"	
	Section 9.1.d: NMDA recommends adding "agricultural resilience" to PPP types. While this is implicitly involved in some of the other project types (efficiency, conservation, aquifer recharge), this would be good to explicitly include given agriculture's use of water in most basins. Ideally, it would be great for ag. working group to come up with lists of PPPs that can support farming communities while addressing regional needs.	
	Section 9.7: Consider adding new element (probably appropriate as appendix to plans): Documentation of public, stakeholder and agency input and council response to such input	
Specific	Regionally appropriate wastewater management (such as produced water disposal)	
Specific	Suggest redefining "PPP" for clarity	
Specific	9.1 addresses PPP, in subsection d. item iv. "dam maintenance" is too narrow a term to address infrastructure issues and should be broadened to " water retention and delivery infrastructure"	
Specific	9.3 Documentation of working groups and/or Sub-Regions within a Planning Region.	
Specific	My comments in the previous section pertain also to section 9.1. Consider adding a requirement that each project, program, and policy have a sustainable funding plan that identifies funding sources, amounts and names a single organization or individual that has committed to serving as a funding lead. Moreover, consider requiring that the funding programs named in the PPP list (e.g., Water Trust Board) have reviewed the PPPs and have determined that they meet the minimum agency/program eligibility requirements. This would increase both the rigor of the PPP lists and their integration with agency funding programs.	
Specific	9.1 d- Protect and encourage storm water catchment systems both public and private. Fundamentally, the water is contained for a limited time and again released to the natural water cycle recharging groundwater.	
General	Are all the projects going to need match? Some drinking water entities don't have a lot of money, causing them to have to raise the already high rates while conserving, which causes an increase in the rates automatically.	
General	The guidelines lack description of how the planning councils will identify and prioritize projects to be included in the Regional Waster Security Planning Council.	

Categorization	Open Ended Response
	It is not clear in the guidelines how the regional water security plan and PPP lists will account for (or at least consider) existing water plans within a given planning region.
	This section needs to be substantially revised to make it clear how planning councils should generate project lists, prioritize selected projects, and then implement projects. Language should be added to establish that these projects could be eligible for grant funding mentioned earlier in the guidelines.
General	Before any discussion of PPPsonly one end product of planning there must be a plan with identification of the problem, goals and objectives, an assessement of the water resources, and alternative, themselves selected after going through rigorous evaluation of technical feasibility, political feasibility, social and cultural impacts, financial feasibility as well as physical, hydrological and environmental impacts/
	There also needs to be a way to evaluate whether the PPPs have made a difference. Thus, there needs to be funding to maintain the Council, the data, the models and the process.
	Finally, because depletions are causing such problems in the LRG and MRG, and likewise elsewhere, there must be a specific evaluation of aquifer levels and stream flow depletions, connected with climate change projections.
Other	Please see attached letter

Categorization	Open Ended Response
Specific	9.1 d. Need to include agriculture water technology support 9.2 A statement of public welfare values and the needs of future generations of New Mexicans. This should include agricultural impact because the future generations of New Mexicans will continue to need food and
	fiber.
Specific	The existing problems need to be defined and documented before rushing to list and prioritize PPPs. A common, agreed-upon baseline for what the problems are is needed, before the large Council can meaningfully prioritize potential solutions (PPPs).

### **Guidelines Results Summary**

Categorization	Open Ended Response	
General	d does not specifically include ways to increase the water supply. This is a bias in the overall planning process.	
	d. does not focus on agriculture.	
	I realize that the wording includes " but are not limited to:" that is a cop out.	
	Are costs addressed in the PPP?	
General	The Water Trust Board fulfills much of this already. Do not circumvent the process. Local control is the priority.  Those with water rights decide about their own water and know best their needs.	
General	NMWA DOES NOT SUPPORT: As explained in our Guideline 2.0 comment, it is premature to draft Guidelines. As recommendations for implementing Rules, Guidelines should be drafted after we have quasi-final or approved Rules.	
General	This guideline is problematic because it adds bureaucracy, limits regional control, and may disadvantage smaller communities. The strict ranking system for projects reduces flexibility, and requiring pre-existing funding could exclude rural areas. The approval process centralizes power at the state level, leaving less room for local input, including traditional water rights holders like acequias. While conservation is emphasized, historical water rights are not. Overall, the process seems overly complex, slow, and not fully inclusive of all stakeholders.	
General	Huge list of tasks, responsibilities, committmentcs to be undertaken by a volunteer council. THe ISC has been working on similar planning efforts for decades, with full time professional staff.	
Other	No government.	

# **Uploaded Documents Summary**

The table below provides a summary of each document uploaded to the questionnaire. The documents are provided in-full in Appendix I.

Document Received	Topic Summary
Comments - Norm Gaume	Comments expressing no support and providing detailed comments and edits on
	the Discussion Draft Rule language along with a recommendation that much of
	the guideline content should be inserted into the Rule.
Letter - Mark Kelly, Albuquerque Bernalillo	Letter recommending more background information on the intent of the
County Water Utility Authority	councils, rule, guideline, and projects, programs and policies.
Comments - Adjudication	Question related to if/how the completion of decades-long water rights
	adjudication will impact water security.
Document - Bernalillo Greenprint criteria	Copy of Bernalillo County Greenprint goals, criteria, methodology, data, and
spreadsheet	sources.
Letter - Bernalillo County Public Works	Letter providing general comments, accompanied by detailed edits. Comments
Department Natural Resource Services	are related to the western boundary of the Middle Rio Grande Council, council
	member representation structure and identification, funding and resource
	allocation and details, plan update requirements, requirements for the
	consideration of public welfare, and public input processes.
Document – Ten-Year Cloud Seeding Plan for	Report examining the anticipated increase in water demand across New Mexico,
New Mexico	exploring the impact of water on the state's economy, and introducing cloud
	seeding as a practical and cost-effective alternative for boosting water supply.
Letter – Estancia Basin Water Planning	Letter expressing general support for the proposed region boundaries and a
Committee	proposal that Estancia Basin remain separated from closed basins to the South
	rather than be integrated into the Central Basin Council.
Letter – Estancia Basin Water Planning	Letter expressing general support for the proposed region boundaries and a
Committee	proposal that Estancia Basin remain separated from closed basins to the South
	rather than be integrated into the Central Basin Council.

Document Received	Topic Summary
Letter - EDF	Letter providing comments on Rule Section 12. Recommendations include the establishment of clear overarching statewide goals and objectives for regional planning and the identification of specific considerations that must be include in plans to achieve established goals and objectives, including improved groundwater management. The letter proposes specific revised language for Rule Section 12.
Redlines – New Mexico Acequia Association	Detailed redlines, including the proposed creation of an Acequia and Rural Water Security Advisory Working Group.
Comments – General comment	Comment requesting revisions to clarify the elements required in water security plans, the process for evaluating plans, and engagement processes.
Document – Guiding Principles for NM Regional Water Security Planning	Document outlining core principles and recommendations for regional water planning.
Letter – Laurie McCann	Letter expressing gratitude and appreciation the discussion draft rule and guidelines and emphasizing the importance of NMISC supporting decision making among regional stakeholders and the development of trust and mutual respect. The letter addresses different forms of consensus-based decision making and suggests introducing the concept of modified consensus
Letter – Claunch-Pinto Soil and Water Conservation District	Letter expressing general support for the proposed region boundaries and a proposal that Estancia Basin remain separated from closed basins to the South rather than be integrated into the Central Basin Council.
Document – Approaches to Planning Water Resources	2021 paper published in the Journal of Water Resources Planning and Management summarizing and organizing technical approaches to water resources planning.
Redlines – New Mexico Land Grant Council	Detailed redlines, including the proposed creation of an Acequia and Rural Water Security Advisory Working Group.
Comments – Patrick McCarthy, Thornburg Foundation	Document providing detailed overarching and specific comments on the discussion draft rule and guideline language.

### **Uploaded Documents Summary**

Document Received	Topic Summary
Letter – Elaine Hebard	Letter providing comments and questions related to the discussion draft language, including a request for another draft for comments, consideration of sub-basins, and clarification of the rationale and objectives of regional water planning along with the consequences for not meeting requirements. The letter references the following attachments a. Template from the 2004 Regional Water Planning Handbook (pages 3-7), b. Table of Contents from the 2004 Water Plan for Region 12 (Middle Rio Grande) (pages 7-16), c. 2004 Water Plan for Region 12 10 Recommendations (pages 8-19), and d. ISC Meeting of January 21, 2025 - Public Comment Elaine Hebard (pages 19-22).
Letter - Western Resource Advocates, NM Wild, Amigos Bravos, Theodore Roosevelt Conservation Partnership, American Rivers Action Fund, and Audubon Southwest	Letter providing detailed specific comments and edits to the discussion draft rule and guidelines language. Specific emphasis is placed on the importance of a consensus-driven approach, defining the process for considering future generations of New Mexicans, concerns about some rule sections being identified as subject to future funding availability, clarification of the difference between the rule and guidelines, and the need for additional details on project prioritization criteria and evaluation.
Comments - Simplify	Comment recommending simplified lists of suggestions and requirements for regional water planning, consideration of planning council size, and consensusbased decision making that is unanimous or free of major conflict.
Comments – New Mexico Water Advocates	Document providing a summary of NMWA recommendations and detailed mark- ups to the discussion draft language, including removal of the guidelines.